Bonn-Bonn Daily



No. 6897 號七十九行八	广 六第 日三初月二十年卯	已緒光 · 、 B.ONG K	ONG, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY	14rn, T880. 三月.禮	"	Price \$24 per Monsul
SHTPPING.	BANKS,	NOTICES OF FIRMS.	AUCTIONS.	INTIMATIONS.	INTIMATIONS. **EXONGROUS CANTON, AND MACAO	INTIMATIONS., TONGKONG TEMPERANCE HALL.
Junuary 13, Namoa, British steamer, 864,	THOOLLORYLED HA MOLYPP CHARLES	No arm PSETD banctofare aristing between	PUBLIC AUCTION. I THE Undersigned has received instructions from Messis. ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.	LATEST NOVELS,	STEAMBOAT COMPANY,	THE NEXT ENTERTAINMENT will be given on
LAPRAIR & Co.	PAID-UP CAPITAL £1,500,000.	is, the undersigned JOHN SILV ERLOCK, THOM AS SMITH, and ROBERT HAMIL TON HASLAM, as Merchants, carried on in Fo. schowsco, Chira.	disposed of by Private Contract), on	WINTER SOCKS and UNDERSHIRTS. LATEST NOVELTIES in SCARES and TIES.	TEN TWENTY, SEVENTH ORDINARY	SATURDAY, the 17th January, 1980, at 8.30 v.m.
January 13, Chinkland, British str., 799, S. M. Cer, from Cauton, General,—Siems- sen & Co.	RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.	under the Style or Firm of "13114ERLOCK and COMPLAY," was This Day D ISSOLVED by mutual consent.	the 16th of January, 1680, at 2 P.M., on Board, the GERMAN BRIG "CARL,"	and PRESSES. NEW SHAPES in CHRISTY'S FELT HATS.	HALF-YEARLY MEETING of SHARE-HOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Office of the Company. No. 50A, Queen's Road.	Under the Distinguished Patronnes of Colondl STUART, H.E.; Lieut; Colonal HALL, R.A., and, Lieut, Colonel Gendes, 27th Inniskillings.
Beans.—Oningse.	At 6 Months' Notice, 4 per Cent. per Annum. At 12 Months' Notice, 5 per Cent. per Annum. Consent Accounts bent on Torms which may	JOHN SIL VERLOCK. THOS. SM. ITH.	of 225 Registered Tons, as she now lies at an- chor off Yow-mab-tee, with all her Masts, SAILS, and INVENTORY, complete.	PERFUMERY and TOILET SOAPS: ELECTRO-PLATED WAR, and TABLE	on FRIDAY, the 30th January instant, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon for the properties of receiving a Report of the Directors, together with	AN EVENING IN FAIRYLAND WITH
January 13, Grenous, British str., 1,139, E. Stewart, Rombay 28rd Dec., Galle 28th, Penang 2nd January, and Singa-	be learnt on application.	ROBT. H. HASLAM. Witness-Henry P. Fry, Gresham Honse, London.	For further Particulars, apply to Messrs. ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co., or, to the Auctioneer.	DRAWING PAPER. COURIER and HAND BAGS, New Styles.	By Order of the Board of Directors.	"PROFESSOR" ILOILO. who has kindly consented to appear, and will produce some NEW ILLUSTONS never before seen
pore 6th, Mails and General.—P. & O. S. N. Co.	Oriental Bank Corporation, Hougkong, 4th September, 1879. [12]	14, St. Kelen's Place, London, E.C. [6d132]	TERMS OF SALE.—As oustomary. F. RAPP. Auctioneer. Hongkong, 23rd December, 1879. [1991]	HAIR BRUSHES and COMBS. SILBER'S BRACHET, TABLE, and HANGING LAMPS, fitted with Patent Storm Burners for	P. A. DA. COSTA, Secretary. Hongkong, 7th Tanuary, 1880. [108]	PRICES PRICES
A P PHRALARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE.	ONGKONG & SHANGHAL BANKING CORPORATION. PAID-TIP-CAPITAL 5,000,000 of Dollars.	Mr. O. GRABE in our Firm CEASED. by expiration of contract, on the 31st of Decem-	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF	Peak Residences. FRENCH and ENGLISH WALKING BOOTS. CARDIGAN JACKETS & NEW BRACES.	TONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.	Second Scats FIFTY CENTS. Hongkong, 13th January, 1880. [136]
- Roderick Hou, British bark, for Whampon.	COURT OF DIRECTORS:	Mr. O. GRABE will continue to SIGN one From until Fist May, 1880. Mr. GUSTAV FISCHER has been admitted	STIMMARY, JURISDICTION.	ASHANTEE HAMMOCKS. NEW PIPES.—CIGAR and CIGARETTE TUBES.————————————————————————————————————	NOTICE,	O M E D Y C O M P A N Y will arrive per attamship "Teucee".
Cheung Hock Kian, British str., for Swatow. DEPARTURES.	Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq. Deputy Chairman—Hon. W. KESWICK, Esq. E. R. Relilios. Esq. Wilhelm Reiners, Esq.	a PARTNER in our Firm this date. E. ME YER & Co. Tiontsin, 1st January, 1880. [1m75]	FOREIGN ATTACHMENT. SUIT No. 1,231.	PURSES and POCKET BOOKS. ROYAL TRISH CONSTABULARY REVOL-	The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be ULOSED from the 17th to the 30th instant, both days inclusive.	on or about the 20TH JANUARY, 1880. The Company will have the bouour of giving
January 13, Kwangrung, British steamer, for East Coast. January 18, Killarney, British steamer, for	H. L. Dalrymple, Esq. P. D. Sassoon, Esq. H. Hoppius, Esq. W. S. Young, Esq. Alexander Molver, Esq. Chilif Manager.	NOTICE. NOTICE. NOTICE.	Plaintiff—Wone Hung. Defendant—Leung Ayon.	SPIRIT LEVELS. BATH SPONGES. The New Cork PENHOLDERS. SPIRIT FLASKS.	By Order of the Board of Directors, P. A. DA COSTA. Secretary.	THREE PERFORMANCES ONLY
Shanghai January 13, China, German str., for Ningpo	MANAGER. Shanghai—Ewen Cameron, Esq.	brokers, will, from the 1st January, 1880, be carried on under the Nume of "R. STEIL." HEINEM ANN & Co.	TOTICE is hereby given that a Writ of Foreign Attachment, returnable on the 15th day of Jannuary, 1880, against all the Pro-	VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA	Hongkong, 7th January, 1880. [109]	prior to proceeding to Singapore. The FIRST PERFORMANCE will be the SPARKLING COMEDY, in Three Acts.
and Shanghai.	London Bankers—London & County Bank. Hongkong—Interest Allowed.	Hongkong, 1st January, 1880. [1m78 NOTICE.	perty, moveable or immoveable, of the above- named Defendant within the Colony, has been issued in this Suit pursuant to the Provisions	PORCELAYN DESK TABLETS. CHUBE'S FIREPROOF SAFES and LOCKS. LIEBEIG'S EXTRACT of MEAT.	IN LIQUIDATION:	"A LESSON IN LOVE" GEO. NORVILLE, Business Manager.
Per Namon, str., from East Coast. Mr. A. F. Angus, and 150 Chinese.	On Fixed Deposits.	MANILA and will RECEIVE PA- TIENTS at his Rooms, No. 50, QVIEEN'S ROAD.	of Section LXXXII of "The Hongkong Code of Civil Procedure."	ROGER'S POCKET KNIVES and RAZORS. LETTS'S DIARIES for 1880. ELECTRO PLATED SCISSORS.	A DIVIDEND at the rate of Table 3 (Three Table) PER SHARE will be payable at the Hong- kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	Hongkong 13th January, 1880. (187)
Por Lady Abereova, from Chefoo2 Chinese. Per Geelong, str., from Bombay, &c. For Hougkong Miss McNair, and Mr. Mc Yong	For 6 months 4 per Cent. per Annum. For 12 months 5 per Cent. per Annum.	Hongkong, 3rd January, 1880. [1m89] NOTICE.	Solicitors for the Plaintiffs, 1w110 2, Club Chambers, Hongkong. AFFICE OF THE SHANGHAI STEAM	TODDY KETTLES. DINING-ROOM CHAIRS. DOOR MATS, with Coloured Borders.	on and after the 6th January, 1880. Dividend Warrants will be issued upon production of the Scrip for endorsement.	at the control of the state of the control of the c
Kuh and 2 servants, and 55 Chinese from Singa- pore. For Yokohama, Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Irwin and shild from Brindisi. For Southamp-	Chroirs granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange	Mr. JAMES WOR'THINGTON and Mr. WM. SETON BROWN in the Firm of	NAVIGATION COMPANY.	Household SCALES. SACCONE'S SHERRIES. Golden Cloud TOBACCO.	By Order of the Committee of Inspection, LITTLE & Co., Liquidators.	FRIDAY
Per Anchises, str., for Singapore, &c.—From Hongkong for London.—Miss S. J. Anderson,	DEAFTS granted on Loudon, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia,	BIRLEY, WORTHINGTON & Co. CEASED on the Sist December, 1879, and the name will henceforward be signed "in liquidation" only.	An Eleventh Return of Capital at the	Hongkong, 3rd January, 1880. [37] D. CHASTEL & Co., WINE MERCHANTS,	Shanghai, 29th December, 1879. [1ml04] LAUDATORY NOTICE.	the 23rd January, at 9 P.M. Tickets may be purchased and places secur d
Captuin Haestoop, Messra. A. H. Brown, and C. Braun and servant. From Coast and Hong-kong for the Straits—519 Chinese. From Shang-	T. JACKSON, Chief Manager. Offices of the Corporation, No. T. Queen's Road East,	The Business as heretofore will be continued by the remaining Partners, Mr. WM. ABEOT'L' THRNBULL and Mr. WILLIAM HOWIE,	to Shareholders of Record on 12th January, payable at the Orpica of the Liquidators on MON DAY, 19th January	MARINE HOUSE, 15, QUEEN'S ROAD, have for Sale—	from Singapore by the steamer "HEGTOR," bound to this Port. On their embarkation they	W. WHEELER,
hai for London.—Mr. and Mrs. Betis and two children.	124b A - 1976	under the name of TURNBULL, HOWLE & Co. BURLEY WORTHINGTON & Co.	WARRANTS will then be delivered by the	VIEUX MEDOC \$3.50 \$1.25.	were already indisposed, but after leaving Singa- pore they become so seriously ill that they departed this life. Through the kindness of	
The following passengers will depart to night at 11 p.m. per P. & O. steamer Haisar I. Hind: From Hongkong for Singapore.—Mr. 5. Thur-	CAPITAL £800,000. RESERVE FUND, £150,000.	In liquidation. TURNBULL, HOWIE & Co. Shanghai, 1st January, 1880. [96	TIFIC ATES for endorsement. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 12th to the 19th	St. Julien, Remmard & Co. \$5.00 \$5.75. St. E-terne \$6.00 \$7.00.	Captain Jones, and the Compradore, &c., the Corpses, however, were put into collins, and were conveyed to this Port, so that the bodies might	CHINA"
hurn. For Calcutta.—Rev. Mr. and Mrs. U. MacKay. For Saez.—Mr. Colket. For Venice. —Captain Thebaud and Mr. A. Rowe. From	THE BANK OF ENGLAND.	NOTICE. THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of	Janu ary inclusive. By Order, RUSSELL & Co., Liquidators.	After Dinner CLARITS, from \$8 to \$21 per Dozen; in Quarts and in Pints. BURGUNDIES and SAUTERNES, in Qts. and Pts.	be buried in their native place. To record this act of Captain Jones's Benevolence, a llag was presented to him. PASSENGERS	will leave for the above place at 4 P.M. TO- DAY, the 14th instant. A. McIVER,
Shanghai for Bombay.—Messrs. Mosss and 2 servants, and F. Boramjee. For Venico.—Messrs. F. S. Kelley. C. S. Sharp, A. Case, and	THE NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND. The Bank's Branch in Honorous grants	Mr. LEONHARD STAEL in our Firm CEASED on the 31st Decomber last. Mr. F. C. DITTMER is authorized to SIGN our Firm per procuration.		Pale Dry Table SHERRY, at \$5 per Dozen. CHAMPAGNES of the most popular Brands, in Quarts, Pints, and Half-pints.	By the steamer "HECTOR." Hongkong, 9th January, 1880. [122]	Superintendent, 1600 STEAM TO SHANGHAL.
O. Deering. From Yokohama for Venice.—Mr. J. M. Ritchie. Per Check Him, str., for Swatow.—300	Drafts on London and the Chief Commercial places in Europe and the East; buys and receives for collection Bills of Exchange; and	HESSE & Co. Hongkong, 1st January, 18-0.	By Appointment to H.E. Sir ARTHUR KEN- NELDY, H.E. Admiral RYDEE, and H.I.H. The GR AND DUKE ALEXIS OF RUSSIA, having re-	WHERY, Dalmore Distillery, 10 years' old, \$8.50 per Dozen.	TARR. J. F. SHUSTER begs to announce	THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship
REPORTS.	conducts all kinds of Banking and Exchange business. RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON.	TO BE LET.	tur and from his tour to Peking and the Northern Poi its, has now the satisfaction to offer a LARGER, CHOICER, and more COMPLETE CQL.	Hongkong, 13th January, 1880. [141	above Establishment, as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. The House is now being Thoroughly Reno-	A. McI WRR.
Penang on 2nd January, and Singapore on the	DEPOSITS. ON CURLENT ACCOUNTS, 2 % PER ANNUM ON THE DAILY BALANCE.	TO LET. FINO LARGE and COMMODIOUS ROOMS for Offices, PRAVA CENTRAL.	மார் அந்திகளுக்கு அருந்து ஒரு நிது நடிகள் அரசு இருந்து அரசு இருந்து அரசு இரசு காகரியார்கள் இரச்சிய இரச்சிய இரச	FEATHERS, of different sizes and co-	hopes by strict attention to Business, and by supplying the BEST of LIQUORS, to merit	Hongkong, 14th January, 18 0.
6th, and had fine weather to Singapore; since then strong head winds and heavy sea. On the 5th passed the steamship Peshawar going into	ON FIXED DEPOSITS. FOR 3 MONTHS, 3 % PEB ANNUM.	Apply to DUARD SCHELLHASS & Co. Hougkong (13th January, 1880. , 133	ad ded what has hitherto been an unapproachable to vstery, "THE DRAGON THRONE," and so dicits an inspection.	PRICES and suitable for Ladies' Hats. COWASJEE D. DADACHANJEE,	A share of Public Patronage. The house has AMPLE ACCOMMODATION for BOARDERS, who will meet with every comfort. The Table will be of the best, and the charges strictly mo-	THE Steamship "ESMERADDA"
Singapore, from Honekong to Bombay. The British steamship Namoa reports left Foodhow on 9th January. Experienced stron	FOR 6 MONTHS, 4 % PER ANNUM. FOR 12 MONTHS, 5 % PER ANNUM. Hongkong, 29th July, 1878. [1911]	TO LET. FIRST-CLASS STONE-FLOORED GODOWN situated upon Marine Lot 10. Posses	Photographs of the following places are also a view:—Canton The North River, Hond-		derate. The Proprietor will be at all times ready to supply Pienic Parties and to provide Dinners for Parties of Six and upwards on very	Captain Talbot, will be despatched for the above Fort TO-MORROW, the lith instant, at 2 P.M.
gale from the N.E. with high sea; arrived in Amoy on the 10th, and left again on the 11th arrived in Swater on same evening, and left	THARTERED MERCANTILE BANK	sion from 1st December next: Also, The TWO HOUSES, Nes. 14 and 16 STAK	D. K. GRIFFITH holds authority to Sign.	CURTOS, LACQUERED WARE, FINE POLICELATINS and SERGEMA WARE	REASONABLE TERMS	Hongkong, 14th January, 1880. [1456] FOR AMOY, TAMSUI, AND TAIWANFOO.
again on the 12th at 5 p.m. Experienced fresh breeze from the N.E. and N.W., with dark cloudy weather and continual rain throughout	Treamport men pr Rayer Cuepappe)	perance Hall. Pessession from 1st December. Apply to	All Styles of Photography taken Daily at Moderate Charges. STUDIO, QUEEN'S ROAD.	IVORY WARE, CHINA WARE, &c., &c. PRICES MODERATE.	RE-LAID. ENGLISH AND AMERICAN BILLIARD TABLES.	"HAILOONG."
the pussage. Passed the steamship Kwimgtung at 8 a.m. on the 13th. In Foodhow the steam ship Hacan. In Amoy the steamship Dougla	The following RATES of INTEREST are ALLOWED on FIXED DEPOSITS.	DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. Hongkong, 20th November, 1879. [4]	Nearly opposite the Hongkong Hotel. DENTAL NOTICE.	No. 48. QUEEN'S BOAD, HONGKONG. FOR SALE.	TIFFIN AT ONE, DINNER AT SEVEN. WINES AND SPIRITS OF THE BEST QUALITY.	Captain Goode, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 17th instant, at Noon.
and Chinese revenue cruiser Ling-feng. In Swatow the steamships Lee-yuen. Yeh-sin, Yottung and Chinese revenue cruiser Fei-hoo.	FOR S MONTHS, 2 % FER ANNUM.	Parate entrances and Gardens. Commodious GODOWNS and Water side	READY to RECEIVE PATIENTS.	CELEBRATED WINES AND COGNAC:	J. F. SHUSTER, Proprietor,	For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co., Agents.
AUCTION WEELS TO-DAY.	H. H. NELSON, Manager. Hongkong, 1st June, 1879.	STORAGE. SHARP, TOLLER, AND JOHNSON. Hongkong, 3rd November, 1879.	No. 7, ARBUTHNOT ROAD. Hongkong, 9th December, 1879. [32] ALGAR AND COMPANY	Price List on application. F. BLACKHEAD & Co. Hongkong, 1st November, 1877. [35]	NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.	FOR SWATOW, AMOY, A.D. FOOCHOW.
None.	NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.	TO LET. HOUR STORIED HOUSES in Hold to wood Koad.	BROWN, JONES & CO.,	FOR SALE. II A M P A G N E, 1874	FROM LONDON.	"NAMOA," Captain Westoby, will be despatched for the
ANCE COMPANY, WINTERTHUE INSURANCES GRANTED ON MARINE RISKS t	of 1862, on 23rd March, 1866.	A HOUSE in Lyndhurst Terrace. Apply to E. R. BELILIOS.	UNDERTAKERS, MOURNING STATIONERY, &c., MONUMENTS ERECTED,	HEIDSTRUK & CO.'s MONOPOLE	IHE Steamship "KILLARNEY" having arrived, Consigness of Cargo by her are	above Ports on SUNDAY, the 18th instant, at Daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to S
all parts of the World. MEYER & Co.: Agents. Hongkoug, 2nd June, 1879.	Established in Calcutta 29th Soptember, 1863. 5 CUBECRIBED CAPITAL £933,000. PAID UP CAPITAL £465,250.	From 1st February next,	9, HOLLYWOOD ROAD. TONGKONG WHARF & GODOWNS	Hongkong, 2nd July, 1877. [1099] FOR SALE.	hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Undersigned, whence and from the Wharf or	DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co., Agents. Hongkoug, 13th January, 1880. — [148]
NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANC COMPANY AT HAMBURG.	11 1 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	EDMUND SHARP.	Goods received on STORAGE at Moderate Rates, in First-class Godowns, under European supervision; and VESSELS DISCHARGED along	TRICTIONNAIRE CHINOIS-FRAN	i instant win-ne support to tent.	W ESSONS given in ENGLISH, also
Company, are prepared to GRANT IN SURANCES to the extent of \$65,000, on first	139A. THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E.C. LONDON BANKERS:—		side the Wharf on Favourable Terms, with quiel despatch. Also entire GODOWNS to be LET	By M. DE GUIGNES.	DAY.	by Mrs. J. M. HANLON, Victoria School. Hongkong, 14th January, 1880. [146]
class risks at current rates. MELCHERS & Co. Hongkoog, 27th March, 1876.	3	OUR HOUSES, in GAGE STREET, each containing Large Drawing Room, Dining	THE STAGE HOTEL	FOR SALE.	No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,	JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
PHENIX EIRE INSURANCE COMPAN	ed Interest allowed on Current Accounts at	Well and Gas laid on. Apply to S. B. B HABHA.	minutes walk of the principal Landing Stages Tiffin at ONE o'clock. Dinner at SEVEN.	THEOPHILE ROEDERER & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE, awarded the Gold Meda at the Paris Exhibition. DRY VERZENAY M USSEUX.	Hongkong, 12th January, 1880. [133] OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAM-	GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
Port, are propored to grant Policies again Fire to the extent of \$40,000, on Buildings	st balances; and on FIXED DEFORMS according to arrangement—the maximum rate being 5 per	TO BE LET. TOSE VILLAS EAST, Six Thomas, upo		Onarts	SHIP COMPANY. NOTICE.	Sold by all Stationers and Dealers. TO LOAN.
on Goods stored therein. DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. Hougkong, 9th November, 1868.	Hongkong, 1st November, 1879. [1744]	Water, Flower and Vegetalis Gardens, Stable and Tennis Lawn. SHARP AND DANBY,	Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult	POR SALE	CONSIGNEES of Cargo by Steamsbir	SIX THOUSAND DOLLARS, on Mort- gage at Reasonable Interest. Address
INTERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOP INSURANCE COMPANY.	COMPTOIR DESCOMPTE DE PARIS	No. 6, Queen's Road Central. Hongkong, 1st November, 1879. TO LET	of BREATHING are speedily cured by Krating' 40 COUGH LOZENGES (recognised and recommende by the Medical Faculty). No other remedy i	CUTLER, PALMER & Co.	are hereby notified that their Goods are being landed and stored at their risk in the Company's Godowns at West Point, whence of from the Wharves or Boats delivery may be obtained, or	Hongkong, 13th January, 1880. [138
current local rate of Premia will be allow	Recognised by the International Convention o	LARGE and very Commodious OFFICE FIRST FLOOR, connected with Private Rooms.	I storem mind may no revert by the most de	PER CASE OF I DOZEN QUARTS. SHERRIES at \$101, \$91, \$9, and \$81 PE	countersignature of Bills of Lading. Goods remaining unclaimed after the 20th instant-will-be subject to rent.	COMPANY. FINAL DIVIDENDS for the year 1878, viz.
upon Insurances effected with this Company. DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co., Agents. Hongkong, 27th June, 1872.	transfer and the control of the ATTA control of the control of any and a production by the control of the ATTA control of th	A A NORR & Co.	licate. One or two at bedtime ensures rest whe troubled by the throat. Sold by all Chemists in Bottles. [48i-1931]	CHAMPAGNE, at \$131 PER CASE OF 2 DOZE: PINTS:	No Fire Insurance has been effected. G. B. EMORY.	Tls. 15.1.3 PER SHARE, 13 % on Contributory Premia, are now declared.
COMPANY.	AGENCIES AND BRANCHES AT:		m_ known remedy for Nervousness, Indigestion Liver Complaints, and all Functional Derays	- HOCK, at 89 PER CASE OF 1 DOZEN QUARTS	TO CONSIGNEES OF OPTIONAL CARGO	WARRANTS will be payable at the Hongmond and Shanghat Banking Componention of and after FRIDAY, the 16th instant, until
FIRE AND LIFE. INSURANCES against FIRE granted at Ci rout Rates. Considerable Reduction in Prop	London, Bourbon, San Francisco Marseilles, Bonbay, Hongkong, Lyons, Calcutta, Hankow,	Apply at No. 37, WYNDHAM STREET.	and highly recommended by the Medical Faculty 03 R. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.—Onl	y Detailed Price Lists on application to	FROM LIVERPOOL.	which date the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company are CLOSED. By Order of the Court of Directors,
for Life Insurance in China. MEYER & Co., Agents Hongkong, 3rd June, 1879.	NANTES, SHANGHAI, FOOCHOW.	TO LET, With Immediate Possession, separately or gether,	reliable Remedy for Wook and Shattere Constitutions, Norveus Debility, Depression Lassitude, Pimples, Tippoverished Blood: the	d SIEMSSEN & Co. Hongkong 6th January, 1880. 1 [2	inst, for shipment per Steamer "GLAUCUS." BUTTERFIELD & SWIKE, Agents.	Acting Secretary. Shanghai, 7th January, 1880. [1w140]
TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.	THE BANK OF ENGLAND. THE UNION BANK OF LONDON The Honkgong Agency receives Fixed Deposit	1 (La Central)	A、A、基本的,对外的企业的,但在一个企业的基础的重要的,但是不是一种的企业的企业的企业的企业的企业。	TOKOHAMA.	Hongkong, 8th January, 1880. [113] OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.	THE Undersigned requests that all CLAIMS against the later Firm of COHEN and
Agents for the above Company, are proceed to accept Risks against Fire at Carre	on Terms to be ascertained on application, granted trafts, and Credity on all parts of the work	LINSTEAD & Co.	Cantion: Beware of a worthwas imitation. 39. Agents for Hongkong—A. S. WATSON & C.	Kong and South China for the Japa Gazette, "Japan Gazette Summary," an	are hereby notified that the Cargo is being dis	HEATON be sent to him on or before January 28th instant.
Rates, subject to a Bonus of 20 per cent. Sl EMSSEN & Co. Agents.	chunge Business. E. G. VOUILLEMONT, Manager, Shanghai.	ON Marine Lot No. 65, FIRST-CLAS GRANITE GODOWNS.	THE BLOOD PURIFIER.	Advertisements for that Paper will be receive at this Office. Hongkong Daily Press Office.	of the Undersigned; in both cases it will lie a Consigned hisk. The Cargo will be ready for	Hongkong, 10th January, 1880. [125
ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.	20th May, 1879.	Hongkong, 26th July, 1879. [18	This extraordinary Medicine has a singula influence upon the blood, which it enriches an purifies. It removes will pimples and blotche and purifies the system, and acts like a charm. A	d Honekong, "Ard May 1877	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CEALED TENDERS will be received by
Company, are prepared to GRANT SURANCES at Current Rates.	OVE NOT SELECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	TIPE SHOPS OF THE SHOPS	a sustaining and purifying tonic it is invaluable and highly recommended in long standing case	The Rev. R. G. SOPER, B.A. (London Units versity), receives a limited number of Young. Grave," Hoyleke, ner	Hongkong, 8th January, 1880. [2024	DAY, the 19th instant, for the SUPPLY of FIREWOOD, LIME, FIRECLAY
MELCHERS & Co., Agents, Royal Insurance Compa Hongkong, 27th March, 1876.	GIIN AND BIRLE MAKERS.	No. 6, Queon's Road Central. Opposite to Mesers. Buttractine & Swint Hongkong, 26th September, 1879.	fula, gout, dropsy, and wasting of flesh: So by all Druggists. CAUTION. — Get the Red and Blue Wrappe	d Liverpool. A Sound Education is combined with home, comforts and domestic care. Pleasant House	COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES	BROOMS, BAMBOO BASKETS, CHAR COAL (Chinese), to H.M. NAVAL YARD. Further Particulars may be obtained on up
PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPAN	No. 47, WYNDHAM-STREET. Hongkong, 15th March, 1879: [5	O4- CHINA OVERLAND TRADE REPOR		or and Grounds, in a most healthy locality at the	MARITIMES. NOTICE	J. BREMNER, Naval Storekeeper.
count of Twenty per cent. (20%) upon Current Local Rates of Premix will be alloupen Tusurances effected with this Company.	FOR SALE. THAS: HEIDSTECK'S CHAMPAGN	CONMERCIAL JOHENAL FOR CHINA JAPAN E. &c. &c.	OLD DR JACOB TOWNSEND'S	of extras Special Arrangements for the Holdays Reference kindly permitted to R. (WILCOX, Esq. etf.	FUPHRATE, in connection with the above	NOTICE.
DOUGLAS LATRAIK & Co. Agents. Hougkong, 27th June, 1872.	\$19.50 per case of 2 dozen pints. [16 \$18.50 per case of 1 dozen quarts.	Published at the Office of the Hongkony 1/a Press on the Morning of the Departure of the English Mail.	bilions affections, liver, stomach complaints, and indigestion. Most efficacions in complaints, and	THE CHUNG NGOI SAN P. (Chinese Daily Press),	Steamer, are hereby informed that their Good are being landed and stored at their risk at the Company's Godowns, whence delivery may be	the Undersigned CHEARG HONG LIM d
COMPANY, LIMITED.	CE CHATEAU LEOVILLE POYFERRE, 186 "Vin des Peinces," \$18per case of 1 dozen quarts	CONTAINS (hp LATEST AND FULLEST TRAD) INTELLIGENCE:	with the Sarsaparilla. is 11d., 2s. 9d., and 4 6d., of all Chemists. Chief Depor-131, FLHET STREET, E.	PUBLISHED DATEY. Is the best medium for Advertising among the Native Community	o intimation is received from the Consignees be	in Hongkong for cartain purposes only, are No. EMPOWERED to CONTRACT any DEST in my NAME, or become security for any Person, or to
HEAD OPPICY—Hongkons. AGENCIES at all the Treaty Ports of Cl	PALMER MARGAUX. S7percase of 1 dozen quarts. ner case of 2 dozen pints.	REPORTS OF MEETINGS OF COMPANIES,	Hongkong-Massrs. A. S. WATSON & Co	It has been established upwards of Twent	y fuesting it to be landed here. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the	make, sign, or execute any Bill, Note: Bond, of other security in my Name, and that I shall no hold myself RESPONSIBLE for any DER
and Japan, and at Singapore, Ssigon, Pena and Manila, Risks accepted, and Policies of Insura	nce \$7 per case of 1 dozen quarts.	THE LATEST TELEGRAM together with the POLITICAL AND GENERAL NEWS	Containing the names of all the Articles.	of China. It is carefully edited by an experience of Chinese Bolislar, and contains FULL and Ra	d Goods remaining unclaimed after WEDNES	Contracted, security given, or Bill, Note, Bond or other security made, signed, or executed by the said CHOE SIN SEANO and WEE CHEOV
granted at the rates of Premium current-at above-mentioned places. JAS. B. COUGHTRII	85per case of 1 dozen quarts.	The Trade Report has a large circulat in Hongkong, the Ports of China and Jap the Philippines, Straits Settlemonts, &c., &c.	ion ciation. Also a few copies of the GRAMMAR OF THE GHINESE LANGUAGE, in two Ports.	Terms for Advertising can be obtained at the Office. Wyndham Street, Hongkong, or from the different Accords.	o No Fire Insurance has been effected. G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Agents	Your or either of them, either in my Name, of in their own Name or Names. CHEANG HONG LIM
12 mighting lat November 1871.	G30 Hongkong, let May, 1876.	17 irangkung, 3rd October, 1677.	The Daily From Office.	Hongkong, 18th January, 1877.	histogkung, 7th Samuer, 1980.	Singepere, 14th Notember; 1879: [189]

NOW READY. THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTO

FOR CHINA, JAPAN, &o., For 1880. (With which is incorporated " THE CHINA

DIRECTORY ").

This Work, the ONLY one of the kind in China or Japan, is now in the

EIGHTEENTH YEAR in its existence, and is Now READY for SALE. It has been compiled from the MOST AUTHEN. TIC SOURCES, and no pains have been spared torender it THOROUGHLY RELIABLE, both as a Directory and as a Work of Reference on Com-

maralal-Matters. Vanious additions have been made, tending to render the Work still more valuable for reference. The descriptions of each Post have been carofully revised, and the trade statistics brought down to the latest dates obtainable. The Work is embellished with the following.

Plans and Maps :- Chromo-lithograph Plans of VICTORIA, Hongkong, of CANTON, the FO REIGN SETTLEMENTS at SHANGHAI Chromo lithograph Plate of the CODE of SIGNALS in use at VICTORIA PEAK; and Maps of the COAST of CHINA and HONG KONG.

It contains a DESCRIPTION of and DIRECTORY for HONGKONG, MACAO, PAK-HOL-HOLHOW, WHAMPON, CANTON, SWATOW AMOY, TAKAO, TAIWANFOO, TAMBUI, KEE LUNG, FOOCHOW, WENCHOW, NINGPO, SHANG-HAI, CHINKIANG, KIUKIANG, WUHU, HANKOW ICHANG, CHEFOO, TARU, TIENTSIN, NEW CHWANG, PEKING, NAGASAKI, KOBE (HIGGO), OSAKA, YOKORAMA, NIIGATA, HARODATH, MANILA, ILOILO, CEBU, SAIGON, CAMBODIA HAIPHONG, HANOI, BANGROK, and SINGA-PORE, as well as condensed accounts of China, Japan, the Philippines, and the Ports of An-

"The Chronicle and Directory for China, Japan, and the Philippines ' is published in Two Forms—Complete at \$5; or with the Lists of Residents, Port Descriptions and Directories, Plan of Victoria, and Code of Signals, at \$3. Orders for Copies may be sent to the Daily Press Office, where it is published, or to the following Agents :---

MACAO...... Mossrs. A. A. de Mello & Co. SWATOWMessrs. Campbell & Co. Messrs. Wilson, Nickells & Co. Formosa......Messrs. Wilson, Nichells & Co. .Masara, Hedge & Co.Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, B'ghai SHANGHAI Messrs. Hall & Holtz. Shanghai Mosses. Kelly & Walsh. NORTHERN &) Messrs. Hall & Holtz and Kelly & Walsh, Shanghai. NAGASAKI The C. and J. Trading Co. HIGGO, OSAKA..The C. and J. Trading Co. YOKOHAMA.....Japan Gazette Offico. MANICA Mosses. Viuda de Loyzaga & Co. ..Mr. J. H. Bloom. SINGAPORE ... Messrs. Sayle & Co. .: Messrs. Malherbe, Jullien & Co.

...Mr. F. Algar, Clement's Lane. Messrs, Geo. Street & Co. Messrs, Bates, Hendy & Co. SANFRANCISCO Mr. L. P. Fisher, 21, Merchants' New York..... Messrs. S. M. Pettingill & Co. 37. Park Row. Daily Press Office, 13th January, 1880. - • NOTICE.

FAMILY AND DISPENSING

VERNOR and his Royal Highness the DUKE OF EDINBURGH,

AUGUESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS PERFUMERS. PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRYMEN.

AERATED WATER MAKERS.

SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS REFITTED PASSENGER SHIPS SUPPLIED.

NOTICE.—To avoid delay in the execution of Orders it is particularly requested that all Admiralty by Sir Julius Vogel, the Agentbusiness communications be addressed to the General for New Zealand, orders are stated to Firm. A. S. WATSON and Co., or HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

NOTICES TO COBRESPONDENTS. Communications on Editorial matters should he allressed "The Editor," and those on business "Th Murizer." and not to individuals by name. Advertisements which are not ordered for a fixe period will be continued until countermanded. All letters for publication should be written on one tide of the paner only.

liber, and for publication, but as evidence of good this one for Messrs. Holt and Co.

On January 1st, at Kurrabjeen, the wife of GEO. R. STEVENS, of a son. On the 8th instant, at Hongkong, the wife of C. L. TREYENIN, of a daughter.

HENRY THOMAS, FEG., of Foodhow, China, only son of the late David Thomas, Esq., of Consygreen House, Oswestry, Salop, to Elizaberh Allen (Lillie). elder daughter of Charles Allen Lawson, Esq., of Ma-

On the 8th instant, at Nullah Side, Perciva CALDWELL, infant son of Mr. J. M. Armstrong, aged even months.

Honorong, January 14th, 1880.

made but by some persons doubted, that statements made by the Chairman on the present the Canton Custome Authorities maintained well received by the public, the shares having informers in this Colony it was furnished on risen to £5 premium, or £55 per share. It Monday at the Police Court. In the course. of cross-examination, a witness, when giving meeting we expressed an opinion that they would evidence in a case of alleged breach of the soon experience a rise, the then current price Opium Ordinance, admitted that he was em-

ployed by the Chinese Customs to gather in- to the cargo and passenger requirements of the formation of the movements of opinm service, together with the postal subsidy, the smugglers. He stated that he received \$3 par month retainer and a share of the opium performed for many years past. The contract one-tenth of the opium seized. and beyond Suez has been arranged. upon his information. The man could have no ulterior object in making the statement. and it may therefore be regarded as sub- firm of Messre. J. C. Godeffroy and Son had be amount due on the judgment as he (his Lord. the nominal Governor having ignored our overstantially correct. The comparatively low come compelled to suspend payment. It was ship) could not enforce it.—His Lordship then tures. Sufficient escort will be allowed Hashim is really the fact, that there is quite a staff 1857, resulting partly from property in West. his evidence. It was perfectly clear no money &c., captured in the Bala Hissar. Hashim 850 chests. New Malwa quoted at \$700 to \$710 connection with the matter. But however Of course there is one security the Governrate of remuneration would indicate, what of informers in the Colony whose business it is to put the Haikwan's officers upon the Fiji and Navigators Islands, founded long years the court what the defendant had told him but royal blood. Turkistan is very unsettled, no real niert to overhand and squeeze the junks leaving this port. It is well known that the em bearies of the Canton Customs Authorities China coasting trade, and these vessels were in FGAI HAM V. CHU LENG, \$30-CLAIM. TO RE- is now suspended. It is very desirable that the keep the neighbouring Customs Stations perfectly conversant with all that goes on in Hongkong. There are at least twenty apies engaged in the work, and not a junk leaves the Colony but the Customs officials are acountated of the circumstance. This to suffer a loss of about m.3,000,000,

system of espionnage is of course necessary to complete the blockade established round the island by the Customs cruisers, but it is intologable to the Chinese residents, who rightly suspect that the spice acquire other placed in possession of the mandarins. Kwangtung officials possess far too great a hold over their countrymen in Hongkong already, on account of the latter usually having relatives who reside on the mainland, a d through whom they can be reached. There

are several instances on record of the parents or friends of opulent Chinese in this his marriage, by the Emperor of Japan; Colony being thrown into prison upon some strumped-up charge in order that a sum of money may be exterted from their relatives. The Customs spies are useful to their employers in various ways, and they are likely to flourish so long as the three Customs Stations are maintained in the close vicinity of the harbour. Very simple and detailed representa-

tions of the manifold evils arising from the corden drawn round the Colony by the Haikwan's agents and cruisers have been made to the Colonial Office, and Lord CARNARVON at all events was fully convinced that measures should be taken to give the necessary relief to the junk trade. Since that time, however, new appointed, and it is difficult to say what views they hold on this much vexed question.

It has never, probably, been plainly or its due date. forcibly put before them. It is just possible that if Lord Salisbury could find time to go Sootung, the Secretary to the Chinese Mission into the matter he might be able to suggest a remedy on a different basis to that mentioned by Sir THOMAS WADE. It might of the members of the Legation suffered perhaps appear to him that it was no more | much from the excessive heat of the Spanish desirable that the Hongkong Government should become collector of revenue due to Minister to Paris, but neither the change of air he Ha ikwan than that lekin should be recog nised by treaty. Is it not advisable, before giving up the strugglo in sheer weariness that the Colony should make a final appeal on the subject to the Imperial Government?

The delivery of the English mail was becut at three o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The German schooner Hongkong left Manila for this port on the 8th instant, via Laguimance. The Mitsu Bishi Mail Steamship Company's | he tells us, is apparently the only place in all steamer Sumida-Maru left Kobe at daylight that vast country which is really fertile. The yesterday morning for Hongkong.

to fellow the Castello, and to sail on 30th inst. The election of a Denuty for Macao took place on Sunday last, when Senhor Scarnichia was returned, having obtained 148 votes. Senbor Pinto polled 144 votes, and Lieutenaut-Commander Guimaraes, of the gunboat Tejo. 111.

The subjoined items are taken from the London and China Express of the 5th December :-The Albatross, sloop, Commander Errington. from Plymouth, 18th ultimo, arrived at Malta on the 3rd instant, enroute for the China Station

A change is likely to be made shortly in the constitution of the China Squadron. The strength in guns and men will be just the same as at present, but the number of vessels will be reduced.

struction and Maintenance Company and the than 150,000 people. The town itself has 14,000 Spanish Government for the laying of the Hong- linkshitants. The land is very fertile, so much kong Manila telegraph cable will, it is expacted, so that the rayon or district of Kuldja could A N D CO., be shortly completed.

The status of the bankrupt firm of W. Pustau | When the fear of the return of Kuldja to Chine & Co. is now becoming a little clearer, consider- did not exist the low price of wheat was incre-By Appointment to His Excellency the Go. able growind reperty at Altona having been sold dible; the best wheat flour, on the spot, did not by public auction, and it is now estimated that; cost more than 15 copieds the pood of 164 kilos. the creditors will receive 20 per cent. of their, Now prices have largely increased, except beef,

Mr. Lind, agent of the P. and O. Company at-Shanghai, will return by the mail of Decomber 19th. Mr. Parker takes the agency at Bombay, and Captain White the post of Marine Superintendent. Captain Kirton is transferred from Malta Sydney.

Admiral Byder, the naval commander-in-chief at Portmouth, accompanied by Rear-Admiral Foley, his flag captain (Captain Culme-Sezmour), Captain Wells, of the Steam Reserve, and, a number of Russian naval officers, has made an inspection of the Marlborough, the advool for engineer students.

In consequence of representations made to the have been issued to Her Majesty's ship Comus. bound for China, to examine the Crozets Islands for any evidence of the ship Knowsky Hall, outward bound from London to Canterbury. New Zesland, having been wrecked in the neighbour-

heed of those islands. A steamer named the Lacries has been launched by Messre, Scott and Co., Greenock, for Messrs. A Holt and Co.'s Ocean, Steamship Company Liverpool. The steamer is of the following dimensions :- Length, 320 feet: breadth 3: feet depth of hold, 26 feef. "She will be fitted with *Correspondents are requested to forward their name | engines of 300-horse power. Messrs. Scott and nmunications addressed to the Co. are constructing two steemships similar to

The troopship Tyne, having completed leading given to the defendants and with leave to them int. at Woolwich Arsenal with atores for the ships to bring the case on for hearing on giving one of the China Squadron, left on the 2nd instant. | day's notice. Her peculiar construction, which is that of a first-class merchaptman, enables her to convey a ery large cargo, and the fullest advantage has been taken of the circumstance. A large quan-On the 11th December at St. George's Cathedral, tit, of ganpowder and manufactured ammunition. Madras, by the Ven. Archdescen Drury, Prancis was taken on board lower down the river, in accordance with regulations. The Type has procerded to Portsmonth.

> Among the officers who have received the distinction of C.B. for their services in Afghanistan | being given for \$2.70. are two have served in Chins. Colonel Richard Preston, C.B., 44th Foot, served the campaign of 1860 in North China up to Aug. 25, and was | present at the action of Sinho and capture of the Taku Fucts (medal with clasps), Colonel William Stirling, C.B., Royal Artillery, served with the expedition to Ohina in 1860, and was present at Sinke, actions near Tangehow, and surrender of l'eking (medal with class).

The meeting of the shareholders in the P. and Ir proof were wanted of the statement, often O. Company was held on the 2nd inst. The and prospective affairs of the company have been only a few months since that the shares stood it £40: In our comments on the last report and being much under their real value. It appears colerably certain that with a renewed fleet, equalcompany has now entered on a new career, which we believe will yield_larger dividends than GIwith the Italian Government for their postal service between Venice, Brindisi, Alexandria,

> Some excitement was caused in Hamburg on the 2nd instant when it became known that the not know how the plaintiff could recover the pointed Governor of Turkistan, Gholam Hyder, strondy known for some years that the firm had had the corporal called before him again and said | Kahn to assure his asfety. Such followers as he suffered lesses, and had been in difficulties since he must give him a caution. He did not believe may raise will be well equipped from the same, former given at 1,100 chests, and of the latter at phalian coal and iron pits, but chiefly from the did pass at the time mentioned. The corporal Khun, on both father's and mother's side, is a commercial relations with the factories on the had probably seen the man together and had told Barukzai, and will be respected on account of his ago by Mesers. J. C. Godeffroy and Sou hemselves. his Lordship cantioned him not to tell anything Government existing. The roads are so unsafe The firm besides this owns a fleet of merchant men again but what he saw with his own eyes, not to that kafikes cannot travel. The trade with of good size, besides the steamer Misa, in the trust to any other person's statement. regular trading between Hamburg and the Pacific. The total amount of liabilities is estimated at forty-five millions, two millions of which are from the defendant 830, the price he had paid falling on the Norddeutsche Bank alone. The for a wife. The wife absconded shortly after General Hugh Gough takes charge of the comimmediate cause of the bankruptoy was the depial | the marriage.

a number of Chinese and French gentlemen con. Jug him in the translation of doonments.

His Excellency Sameshima, Japanese Minister in Paris, has visited Mandrid, as Special Envoy, fered into an agreement with him to teach the to represent his Severeign at the marriage of defendant's son, who was a pupil in the Central King Alphoneo. His Excellency presented his School, when he was not engaged in his school letters of oredence to the King on the 26th. At studies, and to correct the exercise papers of the the same moment he handed to his Majesty the boys in the school for the defendant (that being

struck just about the third plate above the kelson after this the defendant told him he would have hoping that the railway would increase the com- Hongkong and Shenghai Bank Shares-62 per on the port side. It is anticipated that very no more. The defendant had also several times | merce of Pondicharry. He hoped that M. Tittle cargo will be damaged. It would probably asked him the meaning of phrases and cha Langier, at some future time, would do Madras. he China cargo which was jettisoned, as it was ractors he had met with in official documents, the honor of a visit to it. The party then pro-

The latest mail advices received home were :--Manila October 14th, Yokobama 16th, Shanghai due under the agreement 25th, Singapore 31st, and Galle November 9th.

We regret to appounce the death of Mr. Yeh to Spain, the United States, and Poru. In May last Mr. Yeh accompanied his Excellency Chen Lan Pin to Madrid, and in common with most summer. Some months ago, with the view of recruiting his lost strongth, he accompanied that nor the remedies of the Chinese physician in whom alone he confided seem to have had much effect on the course of his disease, for, from the time of his arrival until the 30th Nov., when he expired at the Hotel de Balzac, he was scarcely ever able to leave his bod.

sent to the Paris Geographical Society some in formation concerning the present state of Kuldja and its relations to Russian Turkestan, the result of a visit he paid to the district during the past summer. He considers the Kuldja question of the greatest importance. The Kuldja district waste which is seen everywhere, caused by the lack of inhabitants, has not so reduced the The China and Japan -hippers' Association | con-try but that it might again be restored to a flourishing condition. There is still some fine vegetation, and the canals are still in existence, it appeared it was a translation of a petition the smallest slone being filled up. After the immense steppe which must be crossed before reaching the old Chinese country it is with unspeakable pleasure that one meets with a fresh and abundant vegetation, with troops of horses and cattle feeding on delicious herbage. The land, is clavey and hard, and intersected frequent levely rivers. For about thirty-five kilometres the country has the appearance of a great park. Frequently great spaces are seen covered with ruins; their walls of earth have not changed colour for more than a dozen years. during which they have support without injury all the inclemencies of weather; the black tracks of the chimneys are still seen in the walls, and the ashes in the old fireplaces. Although many of the inhabitents, have left the country in

dread of the restitution of Kuldia to the Chi-The negotiations between the Telegraph Con- ness, there are still in the rayon of Kuldis more support. 2. 00,000 of people before the rebellion; since which the number has rapidly diminished. which does not exceed a rouble the pood.

SUPREME COURT 13th January. In Original Jurisdiction.

BEFORE THE HON. CHIEF JUSTICE, SIR'

JOHN SMALE. WEBSTER V. SASSOON AND CHATER. to restrain the defendants from further excavatcertain ground which the plaintiff claims belongs to him, until the hearing of the case or until further order. The plaintiff is the lesses of marine lot. No. 15 and the defendants are the lessees of marine lot No. 14-contiguous lots running from the Praya to the Queen's-road between Pottinger-street and Webster Bazaar. The leases were originally granted in the year 1844. and the dispute has arisen in consequence of a mismeasurement on the part of the Surveyor-General's Department at that time, both parties now laying claim to a strip of ground where the lots join, and the defendants have recently commenced building operations upon it. An interim injunction was granted in the

terms of the motion until Monday, when the bamboo baskets, value about five cents. plaintiff is to apply to have the injunction con-

IN SUMMARY JURISDICTION. BEFORE Mr. JUSTICE TRANCIS.

ARWAI V. POPE Sp. 30 -- PERJURY. In this case the defendint was a private of Marines serving on the Victor Emanuel, and the claim brought against him was for the balance due for a gold ring which he had purchased from the plaintiff, the price of which was \$9, credit

The plaintiff denied receiving the money. the plaintiff \$6 or \$7 and would settle the account on 1st January. An investigation was subsectains. quently held before the Commodore, when the defendant said the ring was only washed with gold, that the price was \$4.50, and that he had paid the whole of that amount. would pay it on let January. not be committed for wilful and corrupt perjury.

money honestly. be ashamed of himself to let this pass and panish hard labour. The plaintiff asked for costs.

In this case the plaintiff sought to recover inclined have some responsible Governor to look His Lordship said he could not assist the Lookhart has been appointed Assistant Quarter-

accompanied by Major Tohen Ki-tour, Military In this case the plaintiff, who is a Chinese to General Machinery Brigade marched to 159 pkgs, tes, 50 boxes prepared opium, 161 Attache, has arrived in I aris, en route for Mar. teacher, sought to recover \$12.50, being the day to head the summy, who are reported trying pkgs, merchandise, and 25 pkgs, preserved fruits.

Beilles, where he is to meet his wife, expected balance of an account for \$30 for terching the to effect a junction with the Kohistanis. Gen. atation by his colleague, the Margnia Tseng, and, hig exercise papers for the defendant and assist. the Lorie Valley, but strikes off sharply to the chandise, 15 boxes ourios, 9 boxes sundries, 52 information concerning them which is duly meted with the Lagation and the Educational Mr. Broroton appeared for the defendant, who is now employed by Dr. Eitel, but was formerly a Muski-Alam's retreat towards Ghuzni. If Town-I case silk piece-goods, For Auckland. teacher in the Coutral School. According to the plaintiff, the defendant en-

Kohistani Chiof, has still a force of men with him a Baba Kuch-Kar south east of Istalif. decoration of the Order of the Cheysanthemum, part of the defendant's duty as a master in the Chandes arrived at three, and was met by M. which has been sent to him, on the occasion of school), and to assist him in translating official Laugier, Governor of Pondicherry, who appronohed in a state carriage to greet the Duke. documents, the terms being \$24 for the year. A. day or two afterwards the defendant came to The latter, who I oked fatigued, wors the order Telegrams from Aden have been received to the him again and wished him to teach a relative of the Star of India. M. Laugier, addressing effect that the steamship Escambia had arrived at the same time as his son for \$6 a year, the Duke, expressed his appreciation of the honor there leaky, beying struck on a rook in the Red which he agreed to do. The boys attended on conferred on Postdicherry by the Duke's presence. Sen, and had had to jettison 150 tons of cargo Sundays and several evenings every week for and a hope that the railway would be a mutual before she could proceed. A later telegram and nine months. The plaintiff had corrected about advantage to both French and British subjects nonness that the leak had been stopped, and that four bundles of exercise papers which were in India. The Duke replied in French, expressing she would proceed on her voyage soon. She brought to him during the first month, and his pleasure on his visit to Pondicherry, and

but had never brought him the documents them. conded in a state carriage, headed by a regiment selves, \$17.50 had been paid, and the plaintiff of French sepoys with colours, and the police, to now sued for the balance which he alleged was Government House. A saluterof 19 guns was fired on the Governor's arrival, Mr. Sherman, 18th. Fouchow 21st, Hongkong 25th, Batavia The defendant said the agreement was for the British Consul, and the clite of Pondicharry payment by the month, not by the year, and society, word on the platform and about 7,000 The P. and O. mail, with the advices dated as that when he had no more exercises to correct natives along the read. above, reached London, via Brindisi, on the 29th he wished the plaintiff to charge only half-ault two days early There are no later Jupan dollar a month for teaching his son, the amount The Vicerar a trip to Darjeoling has been Colonial and Foreign Secretaries have been advices, mic San Francisco. The Messageries paid for the relative. The plaintiff would not postpened indefinitely, because of the serious China Pire Insurance Company's Shares \$220

> turtion to the end of the year, and he had accordingly paid him to the end of the year at the sociation submitted congratulatory addresses on the escape of the Vicercy. The British India menthly rate agreed upon. Association sept in a memorial objecting to the Mr. Brereton, for the defendant, contended principle of direct taxation; if such taxation is that the plaintiff had been paid according to necessary, it should be distinctly declared temagreement for the work done. porarily. Yakoob stays at Meerut. His Lordship asked Dr. Eitel, who was in

Court, what the fee usually charged by Chinese garding the Zoimusht expedition. On Saturday. Dr. Eitel said that in the villages it was the 18th, General Tytler moved out from the thirty cash a month and one catty of rice, for camp of Chinarah against Zawar Zaimusht's teaching during the whole day, and he did not stronghold. The distance is about eight miles, uppose that in Hongkong any one would pay a with 1,350 Infantry, two mountain and two teacher who was not a graduate more than screw guns. The road lay through an open twenty-fire cents a month, or half a dollar at | valley, which is about two and a half miles from Zawar, narrowing to a very cramped gorge, wound between hills, lefty, precipitous, and

The plaintiff, in roply to a question, said he His Lordship gave judgment for the defend. ant, on the ground that there was no evidence of the agreement, it simply being the word of one held by the enemy. On the right of the advance Professor Mathias Müller, of Tashkend, bas man against the other, and that Dr. Eitel said

the payment was sufficient. Mr. Broreton asked for costs. His Lordship allowed the court costs, but said screw guns along the bed of the ravine, owing he thought he could not in such a small case to the very steep and rocky nature of the ground Mr. Brereton said the defendant was a man of quable to follow, but later on, came up the rahigh character, much thought of by his superiors, and it was alleged in the summous that he had withheld payment by an abuse of official power. His Lordship made inquiry as to how-that presented by the plaintiff. His Lordship said it had no right to be there, and gave instructions that in future no petitions were to he received, but that the parties in any case. should give simply a statement of their claim? As to costs, he said the defendant had engaged counsel for the vindication of his character and ridge, and the 85th in the ravine, beat them not for the importance of the case, and he could | back, killing twenty or thirty. The screw gans not allow costs for this. His Lordship wished to have the plaintiff

court on judgment being given. POLICE COURT. 13th January.

REFORE THE HON. C. B. PLUNKET.

alled before him again, but the man had left the

Weng Akwai, a farm labourer, was brought up, on remand, charged with personating a police constable, and exterting the sum of \$5 from one It appears that on the 6th ultimo the complainant, who is a farmer residing in Tai Pung. Chinese Kowloor, was driving a bullock and a of the 17th, reports that the troops are in excelcalf from Kowloon, to Yow Mah Tee for sale and when near the Black Rock he met the prisoner and two others men, who stopped him, and the prisoner, who represented himself as a police constable, accused the complainant of taking diseased meat into the Colony, and said that unless he paid him 55 he would take him into enstody. The other two men appeared to substantiate what was said. The complainant, in consequence, had to sell the bullock and calf to one of the men for \$11, and out of that he had to pay 35 to the prisoner, so that in fact he only received \$6. The complainant then went to Yow Mah Tee station and made a report. Mr. Hayllar, Q.C., instructed by Messes. Brere- Four men were arrested on the charge, one of ton and Wotton, made an ex parts motion on whom gave the name of the prisoner as one conbehalf of the plaintiff for an interim injunction mosted with the affair. On the 21st ultime Police Sergeant Fleming, who knew the prisoner, ing, building upon, or otherwise trespossing upon he having been once a constable in the Water Police, met him in Gap-street and at once ar rested im. The prisoner was taken into the

gaol and placed amongst a lot of others, and was picked out by the compla naut. Sentenced to three mouths' imprisonment with STEALING A RICE PAN. Chun Achun was charged with atealing a rice

England will be obliged to carry out the pacification of Afghanistan at any cost. M. Vambery The prisoner admitted the charge, also a former further says that the Treaty of Gundamuck is impracticable, because no Ameer of Afghanistan Sentenced to two months' imprisenment with hard labour. LARCENY OF BAMBOO BASKETS.

Chun Akwai was charged with stealing nine The prisoner said, in defence, that seeing the tinued till the hearing of the snit, notice to be baskets blown about by the wind he picked them

Sentenced to fourteen days' imprisonment with hard labour for unlawful possession.

THE ENGLISH MAIL

The P. and O. steamship Geelong, with the London Mail of the 5th December, arrived here vestorday afternoon. The subjoined telegrams are taken from the Straits Times Extra :-CALCUTTE, 7th December.

A wing of the 42nd Regiment, 300 strong, under Captain Abbott, left Golaghat for the of the balance in September, giving a \$5 note front on the 12th. The posts on the road be- cause alarm. He enlogized the conduct of the tween Golaghar and Pinhema are being consider-Corporal Butman said he saw the money paid, ably strengthened. Commissariat stores are being collected, and a pony transport service is the ultimate result of the contest. The master at arms said the defendant had being established. At present all is quiet in Latest advices from Capetown state that the old him in November and later that he owed front. A force of one thousand men and two British have captured Secondeni's stronghold.

guis will be maintained in the hills during the Two officers were killed and four wounded it CABUL, Ith December. murchs to day to Charasaib. The Brigade is member of Parliament, by a narrow majority, composed of 450 men of the 92nd Highlandors, for Sheffield Sergeant Caine also gave evidence that the 450 of the 5th Punjab Infantry, five troops of defendant had acknowledged to him in Novem. the 5th Punjab Cavalry, four guns No. 2 Monn. 974 ... 5 per cents. Rentes 115. Bar Silver, 521. ber that he owed the money and that he said he dain Battery, and a detachment of Sappers with | Paris Exchange on London, 25,24. Manchester gus-notton. General Maopherson bivonacked His Lordship gave judgment for the plaintiff last night just through the Kabul gorge at the for the amount claimed and asked the defendant entrance of the Chardeh Valley. He halts there if he had anything to say showing why he should to-day, and then pushes forward to Argandeh, where Mahomed Jan's sowars have been seen. The defendant repeated that he had paid the Efforts will be made to get between the enemy tain, necessitating fighting along the line, but and the Unni Pass leading to Bamian. The five they were driven back with, loss. Our loss His Lordship said it was as plain and gross a thousand billmen and regulars may really mean was one dead, fifteen severely, and one slightly oase of parjury as ever he heard, and he should fighting. Supplies were pouring in from Wogar before this tribal rising. Two-thirds of the any Chinaman for a similar offence hereafter, amount of bhoose needed are now stored at He sentenced the defendant to three months' Sharpur. The Guides Infantry and Cavalry are expected here to-morrow. Meer Butchs, a Kohistani Chief, still refuses to come in to Kabul. His Lordship allowed costs, but said he did | Hashim Khan, son of the Dehra prisoner, is an-

Bokhara upon which Kabul relies so much country be settled, and all the Chiefs posceably to. Mastaufi has been released on security. 7 boxes tobacco, 143 pkgs. merchandise, 11 pkgs. readers:mu iontion from Kabul to Jumrood: Colonei clothing, and 6 pkgs, rattag and bambon ware credity felling due, and these gentlemen are said plaintiff in the matter and gave judgment for master General here, subject to the confirmation | For Brisbane 58% bage rice, I box silk, 6 pkgs. retained for collection of duties and war tex and dell merchandise. For Sydney-4,500 bage rice, 17 very of receipts and electrances. of the Military Densitment.

KABUL, 10th December. pkgs. sundries, 259 boxes China oil. 2 boxes silk eral Baker's column makes a feint, going towards | tea; 322 bags rice; 615 bags sugar, 1 pkg; mer- payment of expert dues from port of elegrance if such. south west and throws itself across the Ghuzni boxes prepared opium. For Adelaide-100 boxes road, thus cutting off Mahomed Jan's and preserved ginger. 2 boxes ourion. For Hobert General Machberson's advance does not scare N.Z -1 box straw braids. For Dunedin, N.Z. away the enemy towards Bamian, Mahomed Jan -7 pkgs. merchandise. will be almost forced to fight, Meer Butcha. a HXCHANGE. On London.—

Bank Bills, on demand 3/91 Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight :: 3/10 Bank Bills, at 4 months sight 3/102 Credits, at 4 months sight 3/10 Documentary Bills, at 4 months Bombay. Buik, on demand., 2264 CALCUTTA.—Bank, on demand 2264

PONDIGUERRY, 15th December.

CALCUTTA, 16th December.

The tollowing details have been received re-

very difficult to climb. Colonel Gordon, with

two mountain gans, was sent to clear the heights

parties, the 4th P. I., and 20th N. I., were sent to

the guns with Colonel Gordon's force were

vine and moved to the 2nd height, from whence

force on the higher height in front. The 29th

took the enemy in flank, while the 85th ad.

vanced up almost perpendicular to the face of

the cliff. The enemy fled in confusion. Gene-

ral Tytler bivonacked in the village of Barb be-

severely wounded. The estimated loss of the

enemy is 20. On the 14th, General Tytler con-

tinged the advance, the enemy stoutly defended

the pass near Zawar. The 4th P. I. on the

made excellent practice. All the villages in

retirement. General Tytler returned unmolested

Lieut. Kenny, 4th P. I., very dangerously.

The previous accounts of the disturbances at

Herat are confirmed. It is now reported that

A short telegram from General Baker, date

The latest telegram from General Roberts in

greased. The natives at Peshawur are much

excited. Apprehensions are felt regarding the

ALLAHABAD KUTTEA, 18th December.

During the late engagements, the Kabul city

people and villagers near Kabul behaved most

trescherously. Our wounded in the city were

fired at, and stragglers were killed and mutilated

within two hundred yards of Shorpur walls:

The Governor of Julialabad has absconded.

and proceeded into the Lughman Valley, taking

General Arbutha t and staff has left for Gun-

damuck and the troops are proceeding to Kabul.

A letter from M. Vambery has been published

in which he takes a hopeful view of the position

of General Roberts at Kabul, and states that

At a Conservative demonstration held at Leeds

Sir Stafford Northcote made a long speech

during which he exposed the fallacy of Mr.

Gladstone's late financial comparison. With

respect to the British policy in Afghanistan he

said that it was not a policy of annexation but of defence, tranquilizing India, and relieving

future auxieties. The maintenance of the Afghan

power would interpose between us and any fo-

reign approach to the Indian frontier, therefore

we had no option but to carry out our enterprize

in that direction - Recent events, he said, do

not affect the principles of the Treaty of Gunda-

mack. Buth the Indian and home Governmen's

were doing everything to promote the success

In a speech by Mr. Stanhope he said there

was nothing in connexion with Indian finance to

callant army now contending against enormous

odds at Kabul and said he felt no fear as regards

London, 23rd December.

MADRAS, 23rd December.

London, 29th December.

TUESDAY, 13th January.

of the British arms and would keep nothing con-

ould resist Russian intrigue.

cealed from the public.

storming the position.

market unchanged.

age to Meshid, with 0,000 troops,

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, 20th December.

LONDON, 21st December.

The city people attacked General Baker's rear.

with him a portion of the revenue collected.

K hyber tribes, who are at present quiet.

Kabul 15th instant, but received on the nigh

Sirdar Abdullah Khan arrived with two regi

claimed himself Governor.

Kabul but gives no news.

oft Mean Meer to-day.

CALGUTIA, 18th December.

to Bugh at 5 o'clock, and bivousced. Casualties,

wounded; one Havildar severely, and one sepoy

Zawar Valley were burnt and along the line of

low, Casualty, one native officer, 29th N.

they shelled the enemy who had collected in

or wn the heights. On the left General Tytler.

woving with the romainder of the force and

four companies of the 85th, the 29th N. L. and

His Grace the Duke of Buckingham and

-Union Insurance Society of Canton-\$1,400 per China Traders' Insurance Company's Shares-\$1,350 per share. North China Insurance—Tls. 1,200 per charc. Yangtese Insurance Association-Tis. 740 per

Chinese Insurance Company-8300 per shere, ex on the Kowloon peninsula just outside Brilongkong Fire Insurance Company's Shares-Maritimes steamer Yangt é, with the next in accept this, but agreed testain \$1 a mouth. The state of affairs in Kabul, Reinforcements are per share.

Windress on the 28th ult, and the plaintiff, however, said he must be paid for the demanded. General Roberts (f Gough) has been On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 138; most unmistakeably pro-Chinese feeling. ordered forward. The British India Trades As. Hongkong and Whampon Dock Company's Had he been a Kwangtung mandarin he Shares-10 per cent. premium.

tongkong, Canton, and Madao Steamboat Co.'s Shares 323 per share premium. hanghei Steam Navigation Company-Tls. 11 hina Coast Steam Navigation Company.-Tls. 108 per share. longkong Gas Company's Shares-870 per China Sugar Refining Company, Limited-\$160 Chinese Imperial Losu of 1874-Nomius.

Chinese Imperial Lann of 1877-Nominal. CHARTERS EFFECTED. The following settlements are taken from Mr. R. STELL'S Freight Circular :-New York, private terms.

German bark Hivnoo, 641 tons, one port in the Philippines to London or Liverpool, private British steamer CHARLETON, 786 tons, Takao to London, private terms. American ship Sournean Cross, 1,129 tons, to suggest a step so plainly calculated to San Francisco, \$15,000 gold in full. British ship MIDDLESEX, 1,191 tons, to San Francisco, \$14,000 gold in full. American schooner KATE BLICKINGER, 472 tons, to San Francisco, \$5,000 gold in full.

American bark GARIBALDI, 670 tons, to Portland (Oregon), private terms. British bark CERES, 454 tons, Takao to Melbourns, £2 per ton of 20 cwt. British bark Roberto HAY, 290 tons, Whampon would have settled the question indeed; to Tientsin and back to Hongkong vid Newchwang, 621 cents per picul. British steamer DANUBE, 561 tons, to Saigon, S2.150 in full. British steamer CHARLETON, 786 tone, to Saigon

and back, \$7,350 in full. 14 lay days charter, three to six months, \$6,000 per German steamer HESPERIA, 1,136 tons, monthly -- charter, three to five months, private terms. British steamer l'HALES, 820 tons, monthly

and back, \$3,750 in full.

charter, twelve months, \$5,000 per month. ments from Mainmund and released a Sirder whom. Avab Khan had imprisoned. There was HONGKONG TEMPERATURE. a fight between the Herati and Kabul regiments. From Mause, PALCONER to Co. a disofares Abdullah Khan has seized the citadel and pro-Thermometer-7 A.W. lent spirits, and that no doubt is felt of being able shortly to re-establish our authority in European troops and Artillery have left Pesha-Thermorgeter-1 P.R. (Wet hulb)...... wur for the front. The fourth Bengal Cavalry Ingrammater -t r.w. (Wet build)..... Phormoracter -- Maximum --------timates that the enemy's numbers have been in-

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.YEST DEDAYS TO LEGRAMS.

January 13th. HAROMETER ERMOMET! Bry Thermometer..... [52.0 | 55.0] 60.0 | 53.0 | 1 Wet Themometer. 2. 1711 58 0 680 48.0 35.0 35.0

120 tily fallen...... 0.24 == 10 == [0.18 BAROMETER, level of the seato meher, tens, and hundreds. l'HERMONETER, in Palirenheit degrees and tous, kept in the Direction of Wine is registered every two points, N., N.E. N.E. &c. FORCE OF WIRES O calm. 1 to 3 light breeze. 3 to t moderate. 6 to 7 fresh, 7 to 8 strong. 8 do 10 heavy, 10 to STATE OF WEATHER,—B. Clear bine sky. C. Cloudy. D. Drizzly. F. Fog. G. Foggr. H. Hail. L. Laghtning. M. Misty. C. Overcast: P. Passing showers. Q. Squally. R. Rainr. S. Snow. T. Thauder. U. Bad, threatening. V. Visibility. B. Storm. Z. Calm. The letters are repeated. to indicate any increase over the mean average of their

Rate.—The hours of rate for the previous 24 hours (nows) or registered from 1 10 24, and the quantity of water falles. NEWS FOR THE ENGLISH MAIL.

THE BLOCKADE QUESTION.

The debate in the Legislative Council on the 30th ult, threw some further light upon the circumstances in which the Colony is unbasis of settlement of the Blockade question fortunately placed—are so bad in themselves, proposed by Sir ABTHUR KENNEDY. From but, as the Hon. P. RYRIE pointed out, so Mr. Waldy, Liberal candidate, has been elected what was stated by the Hon. J. Russell, Act- little value would attach to any guarantee ing Attorney-General, it was left to the late that could be given by the Kwangtung Colonial Secretary, Hon. J. G. Auerin, and the officials. That is one difficulty. The Hong-Passed Canal Inmewards, Nepaul. Consols. unofficial members of Council to draw up kong Government could hardly negotiate such another basie, when that suggested by Sir an agreement with the Haikwan, who is a Brooke Robertson had been rejected. The mere farmer of the Customs. It would be Hon. W. Kuswicz donied for himself and Mr. necessary, we imagine, that the system of farm-Telegrams from Calcutta state that General Lowcock that either had ever accepted it, ing the Customs should be entirely abandoned Gough reports that his posts have been attacked and declared that there must be some mist in the event of any arrangement being made and communication harassed by Mootoolah Ghiltake. So we should imagine, since both the between the Hongkong Government and the bon. gentlemen have always expressed views Chinese Authorities. There is no security, quite at variance with the tenour of the under the existing system of collection, that, busis of settlement referred to. This most if the arrangement suggested were to be mysterious document was, we suspect, drawn carried into effect, the Chinese Customs The Shab of Persia has started on a pilgrimup rather hurriedly, and it is possible that officials would not soon begin to evade fulfil-Sir ABTHUR KENNEDY, believing that it had ment of their part of the contract, or devise received the assent of the unofficial mem- new methods of squeezing to recoup thembers, forwarded it to London. It will be selves for the loss which they would unremembered that the late Governor sent it, doubtedly sustain. It must be borne in with a covering despatch, to the Colonial mind that the junk trade is herassed not so Office just on the eve of his departure, and much by the action of the Haikwan as Of New Patna sales at \$5737 to \$575, and of it is apparent that there was baste in by the illegal exactions of his employes. New Benares at \$547; to \$550; the stock of the one that ought never to have been accepted mention. If it collected the revenue on by the Government of this Colony, and opium, it could always retain a large sum in Per steamer Crusuder, for Port Darwin-101 Hongkoug is certainly indebted to Mr. hand as a sort of guarantee against illegal boxes whe, 5 pkgs; sundries. 1 410 bags rice, 31 HENNESSY for rejecting it. We have in pre- exactions or attempts at evasion of the stipulaboxes Chips oil, 19 bags sugar, 404 pkgs, mer vious issues exhaustively criticised and tions of the agreement. But would that be chandise, 2 chests -prepared opium, and 88 bags freely denounced the basis, but as it is a sufficient security? Then again, there is flour For Cooktown-36 boxes wine, 1,362 several months since the matter was last dis- an enormous concession involved in the pro-

1.—That the three Throat Gate Stations shall be of position to the Colony. It is much to be

2 That junks clearing from Hongkong shall hand in manifests, pay duties, and receive eleardyees at one or other of such atations. 3. That junks coming to Hongkong shall stop at one of other of such stations for examination and have not been already paid.

4.—That no dues whatsoever shall be demanded from junks coming to Hongkong from ports in China, ears such export duties as are payable at the respec

tive ports of clearance.

5.—That a tariff of dues and duties leviable on goods shipped by Chinese junks from Hongkong shall be agreed upon and published, as also the penalties for breach of Customs Regulations.

6.—That on any sensure being made it shall be forthwith reported to the Hongkong Government, which may appoint an officer to enquire into the merits of the case jointly with an officer appointed by

7. That all Bayenno Cruisors shall be under the Jurisdiction of the officer duly accredited to this Go. vernment for such special service. It will be noted that the obnoxious Customs stations were to be permanently established, and that all we have been so consistently and persistently fighting for during the last ten years was to be calmly surrendered. The latter state of the Colony would then indeed have been its worst.

BROOKE ROBERTSON'S proposition that a Chinese Custom House should be established tish territory? We have always known that Sir BROOKE was strongly hostile to the Colony on this Blockade question; for his pub lished despatches on the subject show a could not have advocated the Utiness cause with more vigour and pertinacity. But that even he should have ventured to suggest the establishment of a Customs station on the borders of a free British port few would have believed. We might. just as well have such an establishment in Bonham strand as in Kowloon. It is Hongkong Hotel Company's Shares-\$66 per | most satisfactory to learn that the Acting Attorney-General, with due regard for the welfare of the Colony, pointed out that such a measure would not bestow upon Hongkong the relief sought to be given by the Chefoo Convention. We are justified in using far stronger language, and in asking how it was that, when the Imperial British Government had recognised the grievance and hardship American ship R. Robenson, 1,652 tons, to under which its Colony was labouring through the blockade maintained by the Hoppo's cruisers, and had instructed ite Minister at Peking to make provision in a treaty for the abatement of this interference with trade, any British official could exaggerate the evil complained of? It was surely unpatriotic and unfriendly to the last degree. Sir BROOKE ROBERTSON could scarcely have carried his opposition to the people of Hougkong further than in this attempt to provide for them a remedy infinitely worse than the disease they had so long been suffering from—a measure that by atterly destroying the freedom of the port. The action of the late British Consul-General cannot be excused away on the ground of a desire to do justice to the Chinese. Authorities. No one desires that the Chinese British steamer Chinkiana, 799 tons, to Saigon | should be defrauded of their revenue, but it is questionable how far one friendly. State British steamer CLAVERHOUSE, 643 tons, monthly | should go in the way of landing assistance to another to collect its revenue. No one with a grain of practical common sense would pretend to say that we should assist the Chinese

> Seldom has any question more difficult of solution presented itself than that of the Blockade of this Colony. Whatever remedy is suggested must, it would seem, be in the nature of a compromise. To obtain relief from the evil complained of, the Colony is expected to offer some quid pro que to the Chinese Authorities. Sir Thomas WADE has laid it down that the basis of any agreement must be some equally good security as that now existing for the collection of the Chinese revenue. His Excellency the Governor, without showing definitely how it is to be done, indicated that the Colony should undertake to collect and hand over to the Chinese Authorities the revenue on opium and at the same time put down the trade in salt, in return for the abolition of the Customs Stations round the island and of the cruisers, the Chinese at the same time agreeing not to levy any duty on the junk trade of the Colony. Mr. HENNESSY invited suggestions, and would obviously prefer that the remedy should originate with the unofficial Members of Council, as representatives of the mercantile community. At present, nowever, neither of those gentlemen seem propared to make any proposal of a substantive character. Nor is this to be wondered at. The grievance is clear and palpable, and one mode of obtaining relief is plain enough, but the British Government baving recognised the legality of the Customs Stations, and its Representative at Peking having distinctly refused to entertain any proposition that does not secure to the Chinese Authorities their revonue, the colonists have the question presented to them in a new phase. Either they must continue to bear the interference with the junk trade or they must accept what they cannot avoid thinking will be a doubtful cure. Without much investigation and consideration no one largely interested in trade would give in his adhesion to such proposals

has a voice in the settlement of a question.

upon which he had so strong a bias in favour

of the opposite side.

the Viceroy. If these two cannot agree, one of Her Majesty's Judges at Hongkong shall be nominated by the Governor to investigate the matter and decide

If, however, the basis left as a last legacy to us by Sir ARTHUR KENNEDY was so obviously detrimental to the commercial interests of the Colony, what can be said of Sir

to the extent of injuring our own commerce or destroying the freedom bostowed uponthis port on its erection into a British Colony. Sir Brooke Robertson would doubtless have liked to advocate the retrocossion of the island to the Chinese, and had he straightforwardly proposed such a solution of the Blockade difficulty it could hardly have excited more indignation than the suggestion to establish a Chinese Custom House on its borders. Fortunately for the interests of Hongkong, Sir BROOKE no longer

as those sketched out by the Governor Not that the proposals—considering the

bags rice, 101 pkgs, sundries, 20 pkgs, tea, 6 cussed, we now reproduce the seven propo- position, which may possibly have been page preserved fruits, 39 boxes prepared opium, sitions to refresh the memories of our overlooked by some the certain damage to the prestige of Great Britain and certain loss

forred that the Chinese people, incapable of

appreciating any motives save those of comnulsion or necessity, would believe that th arrangement had been extorted from us, or, at all events, they would be taught to believe so by the mandarins. The mass of the Chinese on the mainland implicitly believe that we only retain the island on sufferance and pay tribute to the Emperor of China for it, and if we undertook to collect a part of the Chrose rovenue it is to be feared that the action would be misconstrued and misreprecented. These are some of the difficulties that present themselves to us in connection with the proposed basis of settlement, but it is possible they may be partially overcome The matter is eminently one for discussion, and those who have made a study of the question should now come forward and give expression to their views on the subject.

Further consideration of the Blockade ques tion shads little further light upon it. Recent inquiries made among the Chinese have, howmay as well be placed upon record. The Blockade is still considered by the Chinese merchants and traders to be as injurious to the unk trade of the Colony as ever. The junks leaving Hongkong are often made by the Chinose Customs officers to pay three times the duty that they would have to pay if they went 20th .- Fourth Day of Hongkong Races. -- Fire to Canton. For this reason they are debarred from carrying piace goods, opium, and other articles to the numerous non-treaty ports on the East and West Coasts. Were the Customs Stations and cruisers removed,

the Chinese calculate that the junk trade of this Colony would immediately increase to treble its present dimensions, and that new tions are more sanguine than the circumstances warrant it is impossible to say, but it is pretty certain that a large and rapid lition of the Blockade. There is no doubt. that the junks would then be able to introduce foreign goods into places on the coast markets, and that, in return, a quantity of Chinese produce would find its way here that now goes to Canton or other markets, thus making Hongkong a still greater entrepôt for native merchandise than it has been. These are important considerations if them to be. It is asserted that the interference with the junk trade is of the most daring and open-character. - Customs spies are ever on the alert in the Colony and regularly forward information to the Stations outside the harbour. Gunboats of guard-boats are always lying just outside | 7th - Daring attack on a Chinese fishing junk ready to pounce upon junks suspected of carrying any dutiable articles, and these craft are frequently overhauled in British waters, but make no complaint because they know, by experience, that redress is never obtainable. One junk, carrying amongst other cargo, some piece goods and opium, was, we are credibly informed, not long since towed out of Causeway Bay in the middle of the night by a revenue cruiser to Cheung Chow, where 12th.—Ganpowder explosion in Tokio; sixteen all the dutiable cargo was quietly put on shore, and she was then suffered to return to Hongkong. This action, even supposing that the junk had not intended to pay duty on the goods thus unceremoniously seized, was a gross and flagrant breach of international law, but it is to be feared that is only one among many similar cases. The junkowners are tired of complaining; they see that their statements are discredited and their claims for justice denied, so they simply make they best terms they can with the

Haikwan's cormorants. The scheme shadowed forth by His Excellency the Governor has not as yet found to be souttled. much acceptance among the colonists. It 22nd The Church of the Secred Heart, West is felt—and justly, so-that Hongkong ought not to have imposed upon her the task of collecting the revenue or part of the revenue of a foreign State. Such a concession would not, it is contended, be 26th Presentation of address to Sir Thomas granted to a civilised European Power. put down the salt trade and collect the revenue on opium would also, it is thought, tend strongly to curtail the freedom of the port, and would necessarily involve some loss of prestige by Great Britain among the Chinese. We believe in the careful preservation of the comitae inter gentee, but it does not place us under the obligation of securing its! revenue to a neighbouring State at our expense. Yet it seems impossible to suggest an arrangement, on Sir Thomas Wade's hasis at all events, that would be more satisfactory than the proposals thrown out by Mr. HENNESSY. It would appear that the Colony has little to hope for in the way of assistance in the solution of this difficult 1st.—Pacific Mail steamer Alaska put into 13th.—Gale in Hongkong; little damage done. question from any source. Sir Thomas Wade either has not the will or the power to urge the unconditional abolition of the Blockade upon the Government of Poking, Lord SALISBURY has affairs of vastly greater moment upon his hands and is not likely to give the matter much serious attention, while-in-the event of a Liberal Ministry being formed after the next general election, there will be still less room to hope that a vigorous foreign policy will be adopted. It remains, therefore, for the colonists to say whether they prefer to maintain the status in quo'or try a compromise of the sort proposed by His Exexcellency. There may, of course, be some other possible solution of the question, but we confess to being unable to think of it. A policy of inactivity, which, however, can hardly be termed "masterly," seems most in accordance with the public view at the pre-

LOCAL AND DISTRICT EVENTS OF THE YEAR 1879.

2nd.—Distribution of prizes at St. Stephen's Church School by H.E. the Governor. 3rd.—Fire in Queen's road at Teen Sing's shop. next to the ruins at corner of Pottinger-street: two houses spared by the Great Fire destroyed. -- Fire at Shanghai; destruction of Mesura Little & Co.'s premises.

4th.—Arrival of H.M.S. Iron Duke in Hongkong to take the place of the Audscious as flagship on the China station, with Admiral Coote. C.B., on board.—News received of the loss of the A. S. N. Company's chartered steamer Mecos, on Thursday Island, on the 25th Decomber, 1878; all hands saved. 12th.—Intelligence of the appointment of Mr. Marsh as Colonial Secretary of Hongkong

received. - Disastrons and fatal fire at Yokohama: several lives lost 16th.—Distribution of prizes at the Govern-

17th .- Hongkong Opium Farm let for three 5th .- Departure of General Grant from Hongyears to Tau King Sing for \$205,000 per keng for Canton. rental -Daring attack on Hong Ham by robbers : two watchmen at the Docks seriously wounded, a shop burned, and \$600 carried off by the robbers.—Loss of the Spanish steamer

Mactan on the Calagnang pooks, Philippines; B persons drowned. 18th.-Prize day at St. Joseph's College: His Excellency the Governor presides .- Meeting of the Legislative Connoil; passage of Opium

Ordinance, No. 1 of 1879. 19th.—Arrival of the Portuguess transport Africant Macas, from Lisbon, with 200 police. men for the Colony:

21st .- Loss of the British barque Star Queen off Goto, Japan: twenty of the crew drowned. and the captain killed by the fall of the mast. 22nd,—Chinese New Year's Day,—Engagement between the Chinese revenue orniser Hua-Shan and three salt enjuggling junks near Masso; G. P. Darke, quarter-master of the cruiser, shot dead - Wreck of the German brig Rebeccain Chefeo harbour during a gale. Wreck of the German brig Condor on the coast of Shantung, about 20 miles from Chefoo; one of the graw was drowned and the captain died from frost bite. Wreck of the German barque Rosa Boettcher off the Shantung Promontory.

25th .- Loss of the British brig Lunan on the

Chi-sen rook, nose Amoy; all lives saved but 14th,-Avrival of General Grant in Amoy. one, a Chinaman.

4th .- Yeaht Race for the Douglas Challenge Cup, from Hongkong to Macao; won by Naomi by one minute and a quarter. 10th.—Army and Navy Athletic Sports, first day. Intelligence received in Hongkong of the massacre of the captain, officers, and Chinese portion of the orew of the British barque Kate Waters by the Malay craw, who then made for Embuah and souttled the ship

11th Army and Navy Athletic Sports, second 12th. Hongkong Horticultural Society's Annual Exhibition in the Public Gardens, first 13th. Hongkong Flower Show, second day. Performance of the opera "H.M.S. Pinafore"

by the Hongkong Choral reciety at the Theatre Royal, City Hall. 14th.—Loss of Messrs. Douglas Lapraik & Co.'s steamer Taiwan on Bird Island in the Formesa Channel: erew and part of cargo saved. loth.-The Methodist Chapel at Yunch'un, in ever, elicited the following information, which Fuhkien, attacked by a mob, who wrecked the building and violently assaulted the worship. pers. Full satisfaction given by Anthorities ..

17th.—First Day of Hongkong Races. 18th.—Second Day of Hongkong Races. 19th -Third Day of Hongkong Races, - Melancholy suicide of Mr. J. M. Farmer, of Chefoo, at Messrs. Meyer & Co.'s. Praya East.

in Spring Gardens; No. 107, Queen's road East 21st .- Arrival of seven of the Malay crew of the Kate Waters in Hougkong, per steamer Ulysses, Sth .- Arrival of the ex-King of Locchoo in Yo in charge of Labuan police.—Intelligence received in Hongkong of the virtual collapse of 13th Address delivered by Mr. Hennessy the Hakka rising in Hainan .- Arrival of the

to Hon. J. G. Austin as Colonial Secretary. markets would be available for foreign piece | 22nd. Repetition of "H.M.S. Pinafore" at the goods and opium. Whether these auticipa. Theatre Royal by the Hongkong Cheral 24th. -Arrival of H.M.'s troopship Himalaya in Hongkong, with the 27th Regiment as relief for the 74th Highlanders. augmentation of trade would follow the abo- 27th - Wreck of the British barque Benclutha

near Lung-men, on the Shantung coast .-- Loss of the British barque Forget-Me-Not in Chefoo which are at present not available as 28th.-Hongkong Civilian Amateur Athletic Sports.

4th.—Annual meeting of Hongkong Chamber of Commerce: it is decided to wait by deputa tion, on Sir Thomas Wade, and express views of Chamber on the Chefoo Convention and Blockade question. well founded, as we have reason to believe 5th.—Loss of the British ship Golden Spur near

Haiphong; all the erew and part of cargo 6th.—Review of the 74th Highlanders, 27th (Inniskilling) Regiment, and the Artillery on the Parade Ground, Hongkong, by Major-General Donovan. -- International Tug of war; won by the Scotoli team.

in Madao harbour by pirates, and murder of the captain. 9th.—The hulk Aden capsized at Taku; fiftytwo Chinese coolies drowned .- Arrival of the first cargo of Australian wool in Japan at Yokohama by the British barque Kassa. 10th.—Arrival of Sir Thomas Wade in Hong.

kong en route for Peking .- Departure of the 74th Highlanders for Singapore in the troopship Himalaya. persons killed, and a large number seriously

15th.—Opening of Nagasaki Exhibition.—Great fire at Nagasaki; about 200 houses destroyed. 17th.—St. Patrick's Day; celebrated in Hongkong by the 27th Inniskillings trooping their colours, and grand dinger and reception at Government House. - St. Patrick's Hall, Garden Road, opened by H. E. the Governor.-Loss of Messes. Douglas Lapraik and Co.'s steamer Yesso on the White Rooks, 30 miles E.N.E. of Swatow; crew and passengers all

saved but one child, cargo and mails lost; treasure rocovered subsequently. 18th.—The American schooner Annie S. Hall caught fire when in Nagasaki harbour and had Point: Hongkong, opened for service by Bishop

25th.—Ontrage upon native Christians at Yikkan, in Fulkien - four men barbarously beaten for refusing to give up their chapel. Wade at Foochow by a deputation from the

Foochow Chamber of Commerce on the lekin - levy on opium at that port 27th.-The A. S. N. steamer Ocean discovered on a reef of No. 10 Island, on the Coast of Queensland, by the E. and A. M. steamer Somerset, which vessel eventually towed her

30th Daring attack upon the British barque Elizabeth Childs by Chinese pirates, when about forty miles from Hongkong, on her voyage to Newchwang, -Loss of the German

schooner China at Chinghi, north of Sha-luitien Banks, Gulf of Pechibli; captain and orew 31st.—Great-fire in the Southern suburb of Foochew; over 500 houses destroyed.

Honclulu for coals and repairs to enable her to 21st.—Typhoon at Foodhow; the rice crops badly have immediately granted a search warrant in or to cust the Colony of the rule absolute be granted the applicant, for a the treaty had terminated, the necessity of an proceed on her voyage to Hongkong. 2nd.—News received by telegram in Hongkong of the resignation of Sir Brooke Robertson of his post of Consul-General for China. 4th .- Sharp shook of earthquake felt at Shanghai.

6th. - Destruction of Mesars. T. Anthony & Co.'s (ship-chandlers) premises, Praya, by fire. 7th.—Sir Thomas Wade received a deputation From the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce to . discuss the Blockade question, the transit pass

Sth. Frightful Prezedy in a native tea shop at Shanghai; an athlete named Moh Yan-ching hanked to death. 14th -Corner Stone of St. John's College, and educational institute for Chinese youths, laid. at Shanghai.

15th .- Attack on the captain and officers of the Japanese gunboat Hosho Kwan at Torsi Fu. in Corea, by a native mob. 17th.—The Shanghai Mercury started.—Funeral Obsequies of the late Emperor and Empress of China at Tung-ling, in presence of the Em--peror Kwang-Su.

19th.—Demonstration against the missionaries 20th. - Arrival of Captain T. E. Smith, R.N., to succeed Commodore Watson at Hongkong. 22nd.—Performance by the Hongkong Choral Society of "Trial by Jury "and "The Water .. man" at the Theatre Royal, City Hall.

24th.—Wreck of the Russian schooner Eliza. off the Knrile Islands: the captain first, and second officers, and two of the crew lost. 25th.—Death of the Hon. Charles May, Senior Police Magistrate, Hongkong, on board the P and O steamer Khiva at sea, between Hongkong and Singapore. 30th.—Arrival of General Grant in Hongkong the M.M. steamer Traouaddy.-The Wu Shih

Shan case opened at Foodhow before Judge 1st.—Memorial on Sunday observance in Hongkong presented to Governor Hennessy at Government House.

ment Central School by His Excellency the 3rd .- State dinner and reception at Government House, Hongkong, in honour of General Grant. annum, an increase of \$73,000 on the last 8th .- Gene al Grant entertained at a grand banquet in Canton by the Vicerov. Completion of the Taku Tieutsin telegraph line

> 9th.—Arrival of General Grant at Macao. 10th.—Arrival of the P. M. steamer Alaska in Hongkong, after a voyage of 65 days from San Francisco.—Return of General Grant to Hongkong from Cunton and Macao .- Murder near Stanley of a European quartermaster belong ing to the Customs craiser Peng Chou Hai and of two Chinese on board a junk which they were taking to Canton as a prize. Conclusion 4th, and day of Shanghai Autumn Races. of the Wu Shih Shan case at Foodlow; judg- 5th .- 3rd day of Shanghai Autumn Races; ment reserved.

General Grant at Government House just before his departure from Hongkong, for Swatow. Amov. and Shanghai.-Grand Garden the Botanical Gardens, Hongkong, in honour of the General, who was unable to remain and

witness the testivities. 13th .- Trial at Hougkong before the Chief 10th -Fourth day of Shanghai Antamy Races. Justice and a special jury of the prisoners in 12th - Death of Lady Parkes in England. the Kate Waters case; Alli, Asan, and Kitchil 13th - Serious fire on board the steamer Brasmar death. The sessions commenced at 10 a.m. and Club; wen by Ware. plosed at 2.45 the next morning. Arrival of 19th. Meeting of Hongkong Legislative Count. 12 - The filing of this protest was not, as it Admiralty Division. I fully concer in the Anadys except by the Poetal Convention, which complete the Anadys except by the Poetal Convention of Art. 1 or 2, and there-General Grant in Swetow.

17th.—Pall of three houses in Cocurage-street. Hongkong, when in course of erection, one man buried in the ruins .- Arrival of General Grant in Shaughai. 9th — Toroblight procession at Shanghai in honour of General Grant; explosion of some compound, killing one Chinaman, and inflicting fatal jujuries on a European.

22nd.—Part of the new Bund at Amoy gave way extensive damage to property. Wreck of th German brig Ofto on the coast of Yesso; all 24th.—Her Majesty's birthday; dinner and re-(the first teasteamer) left | lankow and arrived

in London on the 2nd July (39 days). 27th. Steamer Norna went ashere near Hainan Heads, when on the passage from Hollow to Hongkong. Arrival of General Grant in Tientain;-The steamer Louisoun Castle, laden with new tess, went ashore in the mud on the Yangtsze hear Wuhn. 28th.—Execution of the Kate Waters murderers at Victoria Gaol, Hongkong.-Celebration of the centenary of the birth of Tom Muore, the

dons illuminated. 29th .- Meeting of the Legislative Council; the Merchant Shipping Bill, the Supreme Court procedure. Police Committee's report, flogging in the Gaol, and the junk trade discussed. 31st.—Departure of His Excellency Governo

Hennessy for Japan on leave of absence. 3rd -Arrival of General Grant in Peking. 7th, - Arrival of Governor Hennessy at Yokohama on a visit to Japan.

k hams to take up his residence in Japan. the Tokio Chamber of Commerce: Hon. W. H. Marsh in Hongkoug, successor 17th - Arrival at General Grant at Chefoo. 18th,—Arrival of the troopship Type in Hongkong with reliefs for H.M.'s Squadron in the

> 20th.—Fire in Second-street, Saying poon, Hong. kong : eight bouses destroyed 21st -Lanneh of the river steamer Kung-wo at Shaughal -- Arrivalof General Grantat Naga-

28th.—International Shooting Match at Kowloon; won by the English team. 29th.—Arrival of General Grant in Kobe, Japan. 18th.—Death at Nanking of H.E. Shen. Pao. the status and privileges of a man-of-war and is. Ist.—Destructive earthquake in Kansuh; three 19th.—Victoria Regatta, first day.

oities partially ruined Srd.—Arrival of General Grant at Yokohama. Mikado of Japan at Tokio. 5th.—Arrival at Saigen of M. Le Myre de Vilers, 28th.—News of the discovery of the wreck of the new Governor of French Cochin China. 10th.—Severe gale at Hongkong; several native oraft wreeked, but no fatalities.

1th.—The prohibition on the export of arms and military stores from Hongkong ravoked by H.E. the Administrator. 19th.—Judgment delivered by Justice French in the great Wu Shih Shan case at Foochow, in favour of the plaintiffs. 23rd .- Arrival of the Italian man-of-war Viltor

Pisani, with H.R.H. the Duke of Genoa on board, in Hongkong .- Extensive fire at Yokohama; the Central Hotel and three other foreign buildings destroyed. tung ; several steamers damaged.

4th. -Potition presented to the Government of prepared opium. Hongkong by the Tong Wah Hospital Committee against the proposed Spirit Farm. on board saved.

killed and many houses destroyed. 9th. -News of the final suppression of the Hakka from the Colony prepared opium. rising in Hainan received in Hongkong. 12th.—The German barque Von Werdoo went ashere off Shantung Promontory during a bilden by Section 8 of Ordinance 2 of 1858, for tion, embargo, or arritede Prince." dense for and became a total wreck. 15th.—Great fire on the French Concession,

Tls. 1.500,000 incurred. - Row, Hongkong, by a Javanese. safely and nut back to Amoy.

troyed and three persons burged to death. School in Hongkong advocated.—Announce- information that 22 piculs of prepared opium had the French Republic, and that statement has terms of the Convention of 1856.

the Swedish discovery ship Vega, at Yoko- the provisions of the ordinance in question. hama after having discovered the North-East

Grant from Yokohama for San Francisco. Hongkong from his trip to Japan.

10th.—Fire in the Canton Road, Shanghai; nine houses destroyed and four lives lost. 23rd.—Deputation to H.E. the Governor of that he refused the warrant solely on the grounds within colonial waters. In support of this con- Magistrate to issue a search warrant in respect within the Colony was held to be so absolute that

tion of the Fire Brigade and the supply of steamer Anadar. -water for extinction of fires. mestic slavery.

1st.—News received through Ranter of the appointment of Mr. Paigrave to be British Con- to be on board of the ateamer Anadyr. sal General in Siam vice Mr. Know retired.
7.—The first application made to the Court in the case of the Purlement Belge, a case in the Tho Attorney-General called their Lordships' he could produce neither. Therefore for the 2nd.—Fire at No. 17. Praya Extension, Hong- this matter was on an exparte motion-by-Mr. Admiralty Division of the High Court arising attention to the fact that in arguing for the purpose of this decision there is neither. tially burned. 4th. Fire at Mong Kok Sui. Kowloon, at a colling on him to show cause why a writ of man- being sought, and that in this case the applicant, or vessels having the same status.

tity of material destroyed. oth.—Death of Right Rov. Bishop Russell at of children, made an elaborate speech in which | needing prompt action. illegal and must be put down.

10th.-Typhoon at Haiphong. Case at Shanghai; judgment reserved. 20th.—The C.M.S.N. Co.'s steamer Hochung | thereabouts.

Chins and Hawani.

steam-tur Func. Governor on the Slavery Question .- Difference between the Governor and City Hall Committee on behalf of Her Majesty the Queen, gives the have been allowed to stand. tee about the hours of admission to Museum. 28th.—Unsuccessful attempt by the Hongkong. Government to conficate the Hongkong and sent lying in the Halbour is one of the mail lature of this Colony, approved of and sanctioned concur in most of them, and my laws as to the every contract between the French Government Whampon Dock Company's stoum tug Fame. News repoived of the loss of the P. and O.

steamer Hindostan near Madras ... ex Governor of Macao, from that Colony for which is published in the Hongkong Government power has taken away the right or interposed will confine myself to some salient considerations | therefore that the Anadyr does not come within Europe vid Hongkoog. 31st Banquet to the Ex-Governor of Macao at Acting Attorney General craves leave to refer. | case. the Hongkong Hotel by the Opium and Wei Sing Farmers and other residents of Macao.

NOVEMBER. 3rd.—let Day of Shanghai Autumn Races.—Ar- said article 5 of the said Convention. rival of the Swedish Discovery ship Vean, with Professor Nordenskield on burd, at Hong-

12th -Presentation of address by the Chinese to oil; financial etatement for 1880 by H.E. Merchant Shipping Consolidation Bill and Excise Ordinance (Oplum) Amendment Bill secute the same therein. read a first time; debate on deportation. honour at Government House.

20th, Typhoon at Manila.

grew just escaping with their lives. 22nd .- Meeting of the Legislative Council; the search warfaut in this care. wind blowing with nearly typhoon force. coption at Government House.—The Glencos 23rd.—Death at Am yof Mr. Bismarck, Ger- in the Opium Farmer, in his own interests and in the one capacity and the other. man Consul at that port

-Wayerley Ball at Shanghai. Trish poet, at Hongkong; the Botanical Gar 4th. Meeting of supporters of the Hongkong damus. All the elements exist in this case which | vileges on certain French mail steamers. So far | vessel. Some subvention between the French 5th .- Wreck of the British lord a Fubile near writ in question. There is a public duty concerned, Her Majesty's orders to give effect to be presumed to exist; but it is not shown, it is Shanghai; the master and three sailors lost. imposed on the Magistrate; a right in the that convention are binding and obligatory on not proved that this particular vessel is subsidised 6th Fatal fire in East street, Hongkong; three present applicant to claim the performance them and their severaign. But or that the subsidy is not a gross annual sum-for

9th.—Meeting of Legislative Council; the Chi- mandamus. The Court has not to consider here subjects.

of a woman in a boat in Hongkong harb ur by some persons unknown. and liabilities of newspaper proprietors at the the Ordinanco? Supreme Court, Hongkong.—Fire at Amoy; about 20 houses destroyed and as many persons killed - Sivere typhoon at Cobn; several vessels

wrecked and great damage done on shore. 13th.—Departure of the Hon. H. B. Gibb from Hongkong for England, chen, Vicerov of the two Kiang provinces. 20th.—Victoria Regatta, second day.

22nd.—Fire at Kowloon Docks. 4th. Presentation of General Grant to the 26th. Great fire in Tokio; upwards of 11,000 clusion that he had no jurisdiction, and the rule tion. The vessels mentioned in the first clause | making prerogative of the Crown which I behouses destroyed, and 283 lives lost. received in Hongkong.

> Scandal" at the Theatre Royal, Hongkong, by stances, otherwise clear, the Amateur Dramatic Club 30th - Teeting of Hongkong Legislative Conu-Blookade question.

THE STATUS OF THE FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

Mr. Justice Francis, Acting Puisne Judge, privileges.

first gave his judgment as follows :-5th. -Wreck of the steamer A. E. Nordenskjold | 1. - Under the provisions of the opium or-

2.—For the better protection of the Monopolist "They shall not on any account be diverted ence. and to enable him to enforce his rights, it is for. from their especial duty, or be liable to deten-

while on her passage from Amoy to Shanghai, warrant authorising a search in any house, place, rules of International Law and therefore in the No. dinance 2 of 1858.

ment of the sale of the late Captain Sand's been brought into this harbour from Shanghai not been, and I believe, cannot be denied. 4.—As appears by the affidavit of Ng Mun Opium Farmer that, even if the Anadyr is within and of Paris of 1876.

voyage out to China. Departure of General Anadyr was a French mail steamer and was there and privileges of a man-of-war, no legislative for any special privileges for mail steamers. laid before him by the Opium Farmer he would subject" of any rights he may have against her, The order of this Court must therefore be that a cided that for reasons too long to be here repeated

Hongkong on the subject of the reorganisa- of his supposed want of jurisdiction over the tention Mr. Ng Choy cites the very important of the 22 piculs of prepared opium said to be on a declaratory Ordinance was passed. The dictum 6.—Application is now made to this Court by case of the Parlement Belge (Law Reports, P.D. | 35.—I may add, I fally concur with my Lord long concur in affirming that no treaty by the 24th.—Deputation of Chinese to H.E. the Go. Mr. Ng Achoy, as counsel for the Opium Farmer, vol. iv., p. 144). vernor of Hongkong on the question of do- for a rule absolute in the first instance for a writ 19.—In reply, the Acting Attorney-General camera. To have heard it in public would have and privileges of the Queen's subjects within of mandamus addressed to the Police Magistrate submits that, however applicable that case may been to have given the parties concerned ample Hangkong except under the sauction of an Act

keng; one house destroyed and two more par- Ng Choy, as counsel for the Opium Farmer, for out of a collision, there was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest in transit of the opium he was a manifest injury freedom from arrest injury fre a rule nisi addressed to the Police Magistrate done to a British subject, for which redress was of course only alluded to the case of the Anadyr | the highest non-judicial opinion in England was boatbuilding yard; a shed with a large quan- damas should not issue commanding him to Issue | the Opium Farmer, has suffered and can in this | Mr. Justice Francis said he certainly under- the convention and not national property but the search warrant prayed for.

Court to understand and be informed as follows: 21: The Opium Farmer having this right, Mr. Justice Francis has stated all facts necessary with a power to the Crown to declare any such

packets running between Hongkong and Mar. by Her Majesty, comes to this Court for Its aid rest differ so little from his that I abstain from and the Messageries Maritimes Company must seilles, and is one of the packets mentioned in to entoree that right, and the travelling over the same ground. Referring to be similar in form to this contract and that pre-Article V. of the Postal Convention between Court is, in my opinion, absolutely bound to lend the Postal Convention and Ordinances and facts sumably there is no specific vessel (the Anadyr. 30th, Doparture of Viscount de Paso d'Arcos, England and France of the 24th September 1865, its aid unless some other set of the law-making and niroumstances as they have been stated, I for instance) that is expressly subsidised, and Gazette of 28th December, 1872, to which the some barrier to its exercise in this particular arising out of this large subject. (B) The Acting Attorney-General also informs 22.—Has there been any such law? The and assented to by the learned Acting Attorney- effect a more satisfactory arrangement in 1-72 the Court that the said steamship Anadyr is sub. Acting Attorney-General says that he can General, that if prepared opinm were shown to was not persisted in because the Treaty for a sidized by the French-Government under the produce no Act of Parliament, Ordinance of a reasonable presumption to have been brought general Postal Union had then begun to be con-

Great Britain and France. 6th. Meeting of Hongkong Ling dative Count test says that this Honourable Court has no Maritimes, which are admittedly not national necessary to dispute the rule that a bona fide | On But assume for a moment that this vessel jurisdiction to ontertain this motion for a man- vessels but the vessels of a private trading com- foreign ship of war coming into this harbour of a private company is duly substitised and that damus, and that the complainant cannot pro- | pany.

No Mun Kwan.

Graça, the new Governor of Macao, and of reasons for his refusal, and the Opium Farmer | vernor in his Legislative Council or by Her more, whose conclusions I do not now for the H. E. Chung How, the Chinese Ambassador has no other means of suforcing his rights and | Majesty herself " by and with the advice and first time follow. to St. Petersburg, the latter en route for protecting the interests which he says are im- consent of the Imperial Parliament," or "by and 3." But assuming, as before stated, that the perilled by the act of the master and owners of with the advice of the Privy Connoil," and not onus lies on the Attorney General to prove that the steamship Anadyr in bringing prepared by herself in person. (See Charter of the Colony.) this vessel is within the convention as a vessel lat.—St. Andrew's Ballat City Hall, Hongkong. opium into the Colony without his livened, than In the exercise of her treaty-making she has subsidised by the French Foverument, there is by applying to the Court for a writ of man- entered into an agreement to confer certain pri no evidence of such subsidy of this particular authorise the application for the prerogative as the Executive officers of the Government and the Messageries Muritimes may

read a third time and passed; further discussion pared opium on board the Anadyr, or whather question we are absolutely bound in this Court, If this be so it could not be contended that the of the Merchant Shipping Consolidation Bill; its being there, if any is there, is or is not justi- when properly applied to, to declare that law, identical vessel the Anadyr is subsidised within the Opium Excise Ordinance Amendment Bill flable. These questions may arise hereafter, and give the fullest effect to the rights it con- the menning of article 5 of the convention. rend a third time and passed. Horrible murder The question now is simply, has the Opium fers. We would be failing in our duty to the 4. Again, testing this case by the Parlement Farmer a right or not to have a search insti- Crown; whose ministers we are for the adminis- Belge, the treaty powers of the Crown were there tuted for opinm believed, on reasonable grounds, tration of the law, if we failed, even against the discussed by the eminent judge the tendency of 12th.—Chief Justice Smale lays down the rights to be in the Anadyr and to be there in breach of | Crown itself, to give effect to the rights of the whose opinions is manifestly, from his judg-

being that the steamship Anadyr is entitled to other grounds.

status and privileges of a man-of-war in this coming within the description of the vessels able to recover damages for the injuries done to him port, then the Magistrate was right in his con- mentioned in Clauses I. and II. of the Conven- by her is extinguished. This is a use of the treatymust be refused. If, on the other hand, she is are the packets running between over and lieve to be without precedent and in principle not entitled in point of law, she is subject to the | Calais and carrying the mails between Great | contrary to the laws of the constitution. Let the lost steamer Madagascar on the Paracels | jurisdiction of the Magistrate, and the rule must | Britain and France, and the vessels mentioned | me consider to what consequences it leads. If

of the Crown puts in a Convention between the L-" There shall be a regular exchange of let- | see why it might not also give a like privilege of cil; the Merchant Shipping Consolidation Or. Governments of England and France, dated the ters, newspapers and printed papers of all kinds, | immunity to a number of foreign individuals. dinance passed Committee; discussion on the 24th September, 1856, published in the Hong. between the Post Office of Great Britain and the The law of this country has indeed incorporated kong Government Gasette of November, 1872, by Post Office of France, by means of two lines of these portions of international law which give the 5th clause of which it is agreed between the steam-packets which shall continue to be main. immunity and privileges to foreign ships of war

high contracting parties that-When the packets employed by the British Post Office or by the French Post Office in exe- ment, on the line between Dover and Calais. The clothe with this immunity foreign vessels which In the Supreme Court of Hongkong on the oution of Articles I. and II. of the present Con-31st-Death of the Rev. R. Hayward Kild, M.A., 10th January, in Original Jurisdiction, formal vessels, the property of Go. | chall regulate, by mutual consent, and in accord- | are not really ambassadors." (L.R. 4, P.D. 144). Colonial Chaplain, at the chaplainey. Hong- judgment was given in the case in which the vernment, or vessels chartered or subsidized by kong -Severe typhoon on the coast of Shan- Opium Farmer applied for a mandamus to compel Government, they shall be considered and treated countries, the days and hours of departure and tion made by the Crown would be effectual to the Police Magistrate to issue a warrant to search as vessels of war, in the ports of the two countries arrival of the above-mentioned packets." the Messageries Maritimes steamer Anadyr for at which they regularly or accidentally touch, and be there entitled to the same honours and which shall be exchanged between the Post Offices | enforcing such professed curtailment by the

look for the Arctic Discovery ship Vega; all grantee, in consideration of very heavy monthly dues; excepting, however, the vessels freighted several routes hereinafter enumerated:payments into the Colonial Treasury of the ex- or subsidized by Government, which must pay | "1.—By the packets which the British Go- is, in so far as it affects the private rights and 7th .- Agrarian riots at Niigata; 30 of the rioters | clusive privilege of preparing and selling pre- such dues in those ports where they are levied

> any person to "bring into this Colony or the | 16. -The Attorney-General submits that the waters thereof, or except in cases to, which steamship Anadyr comes within the description custody within the same, any prepared Opium "; this Convention, and that therefore she is en-

greater than in England; and secondly, that in were any such.

particular case suffer no loss, as the opium said stood the Attorney-General's remarks to apply merely chartered or subsidized by a foreign Go-8.—The addavits (two) filed in support of to be on board the Anadyr is simply in transit only to the Messageries Maritimes steamers and vernment for the postal service, she has no this motion showed a prima facie case for the through the port and is not to be landed here. | not to others. 6th.—The Chief-Justice of Hongkong in passing issue of a rule nin; but they also disclosed facts 20.—To deal with this latter point first—I am | The Chief Justice then said—After the exemption is a privilege of so high a character sentence on some kidnappers and purchasers | which showed the case to be one of great urgency, of opinion, after careful consideration of the appplication of Mr. Ban Hop, the that it should be conceded only on clear proof Opium Ordinances, that the Opium Farmer has Opium Farmer, for the mandamus, which con- of the vessel being either national property or

(A) The French Mail steamer Anadyr, at pre- conferred on him by a special Act of the Legis. to be stated. As to his arguments, I entirely vessels unfit. It seems to me most probable that

not of superior jurisdiction.

Mil Appropriation Bill for 1880, passed; the Issems to me, strictly speaking correct, as in this grounds and I hold it must be admitted in terms gives her it, or fore not constituted a vessel of war under Art. 5.

doctor and mate of the Patroclus mortally done him by the Magistrate's refusal. There is claration sanctioning that agreement and making able vessels which the company may choose to therefore a proper case for an application for a of its terms a law binding on all courts and employ. Could not the company step, in this nese Emigration Ordinance Amendment Bill and now whether in fact there is or is not pre- 27.—This being the state of the law on the any other suitable French vessel for the service?

> meanest subject of the realm. 14.—The point for the consideration of the 28.—This question of the validity and bind- the fullest extent. He said in the case of the Court is, therefore, simply this -- Was the Ma- ing effect of the Convention in point of law | Parlement Belge:gistrate right or wrong in the conclusion at baving been raised. I have thought it right to . "If the Crown had power, without the authowhich he arrived and on which he based his re- express an opinion on it, but I am of opinion rity of Parliament, by this treaty to order that

therefore, exempt by law from his jurisdiction? terms of the Convention. The privileges con- on account of the collision cannot issue and the If, in point of law the Anadyr is entitled to the ferred by the 5th Section are confined to vessels | right of the subject but for this order anguestiongo, because the right of the Opium Farmer to [in the second clause are any packets to be there- | the Crown without the authority of Parliament 29th.—Performance of Sheridan's "School for the warrant he asks for is, under the circum- after employed by either Government in carry- may by process of diplomacy shelter a foreigner 15 .- The Acting Atlorney-General on behalf | tain and France. The clauses rend thus :-

tained or subsdized, the one by the British Go- and foreign ambassadors; but I do not think that vernment, and the other by the French Govern- it has therefore given the Crown authority to British Post Office and the French Post Office | are really not vessels of war or foreign persons who ance with the well-understood interests of the two | And he held distinctly that no treaty or conven-

of the two countries by the route pointed out in | treaty of pre-existing rights on the subject. "These packets shall be exempted in the said | the preceding Article, those Offices may mutually | The argument is on this point exhausted in the ports, as well upon their entrance as upon their forward from one to the other letters, news- Report and in the cases and treatises referred to off the coast of Yesso, when on her way to dinances 1858 and 1879, Mr. Ban Hop is the departure, from all tonnage, navigation, and pointed papers of all kinds, by the in it. I conclude therefore, that this Convention

vernment and the French Government may remedies of English subjects, incapable of being pared opium within this colony and of exporting on behalf of corporations, private companies, or respectively think it right to maintain, to freight, carried into effect in England unless and until or to subsidize, for the conveyance of correspond- the decision in the Purlement Belge shall be British and the French ports."

30.—As appears by an Affidavit of Edmund in this cosmopolitan harbour I have repeatedly Sharp, filed by the Acting Attorney-General in | had to consider and to declare, especially in the Shanghai; 991 houses destroyed and a less of Section VII. applies have in his possession or of yessels mentioned in clauses Nos. 1 and 2 of support of his protest, the Analyst rades be-case of a trading steamer from Academ claimed tween Marseilles and Shanghai and carries mails | to belong to the King of Annam. 18th.—Homicide of a Malay seamen, in Lascar and power is given the Police Magistrates by titled to the privileges stipulated for in clause 5. to and from Europe and the East. She carries 5.—But it is said, admitting this to be so in Section 9 of Ordinance 2 of 1858; on lawful evi- 17. It is admitted that the Anadyr is not a English mails and French mails; but does she England, the law is different in Hongkong. This 19th.—The British coasting steamer Chefoo, dence being laid before them, to issue their "national vessel" entitled under the ordinary carry mails between France and Great Britain P distinction was drawn by Sir John Coleridge,

the case of any ordinary trading steamer, and jurisdiction they would have over her, while peremptory writ of mandamus commanding the Ordinance to give new effect to the new treaty

judgment of Sir Robert Phillimore, in the recent | board of the steamer Anadyr. ... in thinking this argument should be heard in Queen with a foreign Power can affect the rights commanding him to issue a search-warrant in be in England, it does not apply in a Crown time and notice to remove the contraband goods of Parliament or of a local ordinance or prorespect of the 22 piculs of prepared opium said Colony, where the power of the Crown is far from the vessel, assuming of course that there babbs an order of the Queen in Council;

he declared that alsvery of every kind was | 9. Leave was therefore given the Opium a right to prevent the entrunce into the colony cluded at about 5 p.m. on the 6th of January subsidized or chartered for the postal services by Farmer to turn his motion into one for a rule or the waters thereof of prepared opium for any instant. Mr. Justice Francis and I then con- the French Government, and that it is not the absolute in the first instance; he was directed, purpose whatsoever, and to demand payment to curred in the decision he has just now stated, mere leave or license of the Government granted 13th Termination of the Swatow Opium Guild however, to serve that motion on the Honourable him of a fee if for any reason he thinks fit to that a rule absolute for a mandamus should issue to a vessel to carry letters or other postal comthe Colonial Secretary, the Honourable the Act. permit that importation in any particular case. directing the Police Magistrate to issue his war: munications which will entitle the vessel to the 5th.—Arrival of the four new Chinese gun- ing Attorney General, the Crown Solicitor, and I am also of opinion that where there are reason- rant to search the steamship Anadyr for pre- privileges given under the 5th article of the Conboots, Epsilon, Zeta, Eta, and Theta in Hong- on the Police Magistrate, and he had permission able grounds for believing that that right has pared opium. It was not possible that we could vention. It seems to me that there is absolutely to bring on his motion at an hour's notice or been intringed, he is entitled to a search warrant then properly discuss the questions raised, and no such clear proof as this opinion requires that and to have the opium seized and confiscated to his we stated that, contenting ourselves with then the Anadyr comes within the privileges conferred left Canton for Honolulu with a cargo of 10.-Notice was ordered to be given to the use if found. If a claim to bring prepared opinm giving the decision merely, we would, as soon as by article 5. Chinese passengers, and Mr. C. C. Moreno on | Colonial Secretary, the Attorney-General, and, into the waters of the colony without the sanction on venicable, state some of the 7.—So far is this clear proof from having been board to negotiate a commercial treaty between | the Crown Solicitor for the posons and following | of the Opium Farmer and without his knowledge, | grounds on which we had arrived at the con- addical that there is no evidence whatever tothe precedent given by the learned Judge of the under the alleged right to free transit, were ad- clusion. I had made some progress in a state- the effect. If one may conjecture, the pro-22nd Grand banquet to Professor Nordenskield Admiralty Division of the Righ Grant in Eng. mitted, it would, I am afraid, be very difficult for ment of the case on the following morning, the bability is that the contract between the Mesand the officers of the Vega at Negasaki. | land in the recent case of the Parlement Belge. | him to prevent that right being made use of 7th, when Mr. Justice Francis handed me his sageries Company and the French Government 23rd Break-down of the steamer Hainan near 11.—On the hearing the Attorney-General ap- for the purposes of smuggling in the Colony, judgment, almost identical with what he has now is of the same character with the contract be-Shitos Bay when on the voyage to Hollow; peared to show cause on behalf of the Crown and, and it seems to me from the way the ordinance read. He and I entirely agree in holding it to tween our Government and the P. & O. Company had to be towed back to Hongkong by the following the example of the Attorney-General is framed that the Legislature foresaw the diffi- be obligatory on us to grant the writ of man. That contract in no way subsidises any particular of England in that case, he filed a protest in oulty and provided against it by the insertion of damus. In the main I so much agree in the vessels, but it gives one entire subsidy of 25th .- Publication of Chinese Memorial to the which he set out as follows-(Document read) - clauses 8 and 9 of Ordinance 2 of 1858; which grounds on which Mr. Justice Francis has sup- £360,000 a year for the entire service and leaves. "The Acting Attorney General, under protest in the recent revision of the Opium Ordinances ported our joint conclusion that I have abandoned it to the P. & O. Company to employ any fit

> 1.—It was assumed by the Police Magistrate, 8.—It seems probable that the effort made to the Legislative Council, or order of Her Majesty from any other port into this harbour in any sidered and it was probably thought that the (c) The French mail steamer Anadyr, is now in Council, giving the force of law to the pro- ordinary ship, a warrant to search the ship and Convention of 1856 might be, but in fact it was engaged earrying the public mails under the gaid visions of the Postal Convention of 1856, or in to seize the opium on board would legally be not merged in it. It is to be lamented that the convention between and for the Post Office of any way depriving this Court of its jurisdiction | demandable as of right by the Opium Farmer difficulties were not disposed of by the Convenover, and any British subject of his ordinary under the Ordinances for the protection of the tion of Paris of June 1878. However, these diffi-(n) The Auting Attorney-General, under pro- rights against the ressels of the Messageries opium revenue. On the other hand, it is not suities remain unsolved.

Excise (Oplum) Amendment Ordinance read a Court there is and can be no appearance under that a right once conferred in a British subject when, within its definition, the privileges of a second time; debate on second reading of the protest-a practice confined to the Courts under by an Act of Logislature cannot be taken away ship of war. Freedom from arrest of, and right Merchant Shipping Consolidation Bill opened. the influence of the Civil Law. The paper filed, or derogated from by any act or agreement of to search for contraband goods in a foreign Ship however, may be taken as a summary in writing the Ersoutive Government whatsnever, but only of war, stand on the same principle. The former 21st Collision outside Woosung between the of the reasons urged by the Acting Attorney. by an Act of the same or of some other legis- carries the principle farther, but it was held to American steamer Ping on and the brig Con- General in showing cause against the issue of a lature having equal of superior authority.

apply to a mail vessel, under a like convention dor; the latter sank in a few minutes, the mandamus, and of the grounds on which he 25.—Thesame principle applies in the Colonies. being a English waters, the actual property of justifies the refusal of the magistrate to grant a The distinction between Logislative and Exe- the Bolgie Government and officered by Belgie outive functions is maintained in all its integrity, officers in the case of the Parlement Belge. Then Chinese Emigration Amendment Ordinance 13.—It is not contended that the Opinm Former although the machinery is somewhat different; under like circumstances, with the additional passed committee; the Merchant Shipping in coming to this Court or in the form of his and, even where the Executive and the Logislative circumstance that the Anadyr is not the pro-Consolidation Ordinance read a second time. application has misconceived his remedy. The authority is vested in one and the same person or perty of the French Government and is alleged 22nd 23rd .- Severe gale outside Hongkong, ordinance 2 of 1858 confers a certain power-ton body, the distinction is still habitually drawn to be exempt being a vessel belonging to private the Magistrate, and creates a corresponding right between the nots of that berson persons only because she is said to be subsidised by the Grench Government, how can she he in the interests of the general revenue of the 26.—The treaty-making power of the Crown brought under the Convention? I can draw no 25th.—Serious collision on the Hwangpoo he- Colony, to have that power brought into play is vested by law in Hor Majesty in person, Her distinction excluding the Anadyr from the tween the steamers Hweiguen and Hankwang. on a fitting, occasion. The Police Magistrate Legislative authority in this Colony is exercised principle of the decision of that very emineut 26th -Arrival in Hongkong of H.E. Senhor da has refused to exercise, that power, giving his by her either through His Excellency the Go. Judge and International Jurist Sir R. Philli-

houses destroyed and a child burned to death of that duty; a distinct application to the Mu- as regards the bulk of her subjects and so far as the general carriage of mails in any vessel which 7th.—Great firs at Hakodate; the British Con- giatrate to not, and a distinct refusal on his part | their rights are affected; the agreement is still the sumpany may choose to provide; in other sulate and 2,300 houses destroyed.

for reasons assigned: There is no other remedy in fieri, and no steps have, as it appears, been words that it is one subsidy to the company for sthe Sad shooting fatality at Woosing; the open to the Opium Farmer for the alleged wrong taken by the Crawn to obtain a legislative de-Paggregate services to be performed by any suitport, the Anadyr from going west, and put on

ments and writings, to uphold the prarogative to-

facal to grant a search warrant-that conclusion | that this rule might well be made absolute ou | the Parlement Belge should be sutified to all the privileges of a ship of war, then the warrant 29.—I do not think the Anadyr is within the which is prayed for against her as a wrongdoor in mails between the two countries Great Bri- from the action of one of Hor Majesty's subjects who has suffered injury at his hands, I do not

curtail the rights of any subject within Kingland II .- Independently of the correspondence without an Act of Patliament sanctioning and not having been sanctioned by Aut of Parliament reversed or varied. The case affirms no new law. "2.-By merchant ships plying between the it puts the old law deducible from the older cases in a more clear light—international Law which

Attorney-General, Sir.G. Jessel. Solicitor Grstruck on Ocksen Island; she was got off or vessel within this Colony or the waters thereof view of the Crown for prepared opium introduced into the Colony exemption from the Jurisdiction of the Courts | geries Maritimes vessels trading between Mar- in the Kwok Asing case, L.B. 5 P.C. 290. They 24th. Fatal fire at Maoao; three houses des- without the licen of the Opium Farmer and in of this Colony, and that unless she is within the East, although mail steamers, said. This (Hongkong) is a Crown Colony and violation of the provisions of Section 8 of Or: Convention she is not privileged. It is sword subsidized by the French Government, and per- the Queen can give any powers." Lord Justice to in the affidavits before us that she is the pro- forming important and valuable services entitling Mellish interposed and said.—"She (the Queen) jects of their rights." On the authority of this 32 -I doubt very much, if they are carrying dictum of Lord Justice Mellish expressed in the Slips to the Hongkong and Whampos Dock in the steamship Anadyr, and that the opium in 18,—The Court has therefore to interpret the mails under that Convention at all. I cannot Privy Council, whose conclusions are absolutely question was on board the said steamer in our Convention and to say if the Anadyr is or is not shut my eyes to the fact that since the date of binding on this Court, and on other authority. I 2nd .- Execution at Victoria Gaol of Li Pak waters, applied on the 6th instant to one of the within the terms of it, applicant in this case con- that Convention a complete revolution in postal am bound to hold that the Queen cannot by treaty Wong the Hung Ham murderer.—Arrival of Police Magistrates for a search warrant under tending as against the Crown that she is not. matters has been effected, and that they are now merely, deprive this Opium Farmer of the right It is, however, further contended on behalf of the regulated by the Conventions of Berne of 1974 given to him by the Ordinance of searching every ship bringing prepared opium into this Kwan, filed in support of the present motion, the the terms of the Convention and entitled by 33 .- It is noteworthy that in these conventions barbour, but that an Act of Parliament naming 3rd -News received of the loss of the steamer | Acting Magistrate refused to grant the warrant | Treaty between England and France to have to which all the nations of the world may be said | Hongkong or an Ordinance of this colony giving Arguli by collision off Lisbon, while on the asked for on the ground that the steamship accorded to her in all English ports the status to be parties, there are no stipulations whatever force to the treaty here, or at least an order-ofthe Queen in Council, is necessary to take away fore entitled to the status and to all the privileges sanction has been given to the terms of that | S4.—In conclusion I think this rule must go, the right, neither of which is suggested to exist. 6th. Return of H.E. Governor Hennessy to of a man-of-war, and that he had, therefore, no Convention, and that "it is not competent to the The doubt raised by the Magistrate as to his In the Kwok Asing case, reported in L. R. 5. Crown, without the authority of Parliament, to power to issue the warrant in question has been P.C. 179, it appeared that Ordinance No. 2 of 5.—The Acting Police Magistrate has, more clothe such a vessel with the immunity of a resolved infavour of his jurisdiction. He refused 1850 was passed in this colony to carry into effect over, informed the Court that on the evidence foreign ship-of-war so as to deprive a British to grant the warrant on that one ground only, a treaty with China, and this Court having de-

of Lord Justice Mellish and practice in this coand the learned Attorney General admitted that where a vessel is not within the terms of claim to exemption whatever, and that such

my intention to write any statement of the case. | vessels so that they may perform the service,

the privilege of Art. 5 of the Convention.

with prepared opium on hoard is not liable to be sho is therefore to be treated as a man of war in 23.—The case of the Parlement Belge, although searched, however much it may be contrary to every respect within the Post Offices of the two (E) The Acting Attorney-General under pro- I think a binding authority on the Vice-Ad- the comity of nations for her commander to sancy countries; it seems to me that under Article 2 Party with illuminations and fireworks held in 8th .- Address presented to Professor Norden test as aforesaid, gives the Court of the Colony, is not in my opinion tion smaggling or breach of our ordinances. | she is only within the convention when she is skield by the community of Hongkong in the and be informed herein that he does not admit a binding authority on this Court sisting in the inquiry before us lies on carrying correspondence, between the Post City Hall Banquet and Reception in his that there is any prepared opium in the said exercise of its plenary jurisdiction at Common the Attorney-General to prove that the Anadyr Offices of the two countries"—i.e. between a Post steamer Anadyr as alleged in the affidavit of Mr. Law. It is a judgment of a court of equal but | belongs to the privileged class as identical with Office under the English Crown and a Post foreign vessels of war within article 5 of the Office within French territory; but the evidence (r) Wherefore the Acting Attempt General 21.—I do not think I should be bound by the Convention, more especially since, as appears by in that the Anadyr was when the reached Hong. on behalf of Her M. by the Queen prays the judgment in that case if I did not agree with it, the affidavit before us, she is now carrying mor, keep returning from and was on a voyage befound guilty of the murder of the captain, Coste when at the wharf at Singapore. Court to dismiss the motion with costs to the but, so far from disagreeing with the views chandise. I use the words of Sir R. Phillimora, would the protection of the Treaty, a woyage material and three Chinese, and sentenced to 14th.—Opening Match of the Horizon Shanghai in China, meither material and three Chinese, and sentenced to 14th.—Opening Match of the Horizon Shanghai in China, meither Majesty of and incident to this application." able judgment of the learned Judge of the same of opinion that there is no protection for the a French nor on English port, and she is not

ressel subject to sourch, at least natil the British been almost a needless task; for when the fire did, as is usual at this time of the year, rob-Post Office should have westered her to its pro- reach them there was no one to be found to con- beries are very prevalent, and party farconies in tention by putting the mails on board of her, vey their goods and chattels away this was the street are of daily occurrence. which had not been done at 5 o'clock p.m., when | particularly the case when the residence of the we made the order, nor for several hours after. missionary ladies at No. 11 ignited. Everything wards. Assuming that the vessel had lost her had been got roady for flight, but had to be left, city will be closed on the 30th January, and Attorney General to show that it had been willing to undertake the task of removing even. A brutal murder has been perpetrated at absolutely restored to her at the time when the the boxes of clothing. The American legation temple, the Pak Ti, in the Nam Hoi district. e search warrant was issued, but as to this no was in imminent danger for some time, and Mr. The manager of the temple was mysteriously Anadri must be assumed to be covering a breach | prossed.

is an abuse of international immunities. the Opium Farmer has the right of search, this church, partially insured, was consumed. Also anchor for the night off Fat Shan, Court must so decide; it can allow no considerate the residence of the Rev. Julius Soper, partially tionseev a that the consequence of its deciding insured all personal effects lest, uninsured. Reits judgment. There are judgments of Lord Miss Helbrook, and Miss Spencer, belonging effect that the French intended to make a caual 17th instant, at 3 P.M. Stowell obsquent to that effect. Still less can it to the same mission as Mr. Seper; also total from the river to the entrance of the Cathedral.

sion and issued its writ it is not concerned with Youngman. Personal effects of the Rev. Charles excitement, in which it appears to have been what may be done afterwards. A delicate dis- Bishop, a recent arrival in Japan, staying with quite successful :grimination, guided in part by discretion, as dis- the Rev. Julius Sopers -Residence and personal tinguished from hard legal decision, may then effects of Mr. E. H. House; building, only, par- the Two Kwang, officer of the First Rank, &c., rest with the Executive, which, it is the duty of tially insured. Residence of Mr. Bogel. Much issued for general information. this Court to presume, will be duly exercised, sympathy is felt in Tokio and Yokohama for Hors the duty of this Court ends. end to under acticle 37 or unless an ordinance be fund for their benefit has been started, and sub- doctrines have nover done anything contrary to tow most serious difficulties and dilemmas may McLaren, 18 Tsakiji, Tokio, and Mr. Robert | maintained. not frequently crop up under the circumstances Lilley, 1194 Bluff, Yokohama. The foreign - Now it has been brought to my knowledge

is legally called a hearing in camera. The Court and Rev. David Thomson .- Japan Gazette. to issue the search warrant. Solely on that Japan Mail, second and notwithstanding the importance of the amestions involved, which would induce the Court to have publicly heard it, it was thought proper that the application should be heard in private. There are occasions known to "the fortnight, except in the way of amusements." Turn occasions when it is necessary to hear Kiang, in the place of the late Shen Pao Chen.

of a family unture in a suit against a noble lord by the ruling dynastyand his family. The defendants asked that the | The United States frigute Richmond, 14, Capcase might be heard in private, and the Vice-tain A. K. Benham, bearing the flag of Rear. Mr. E. Major, of the Shun-pac, has received Changellor Sir J. Stuart heard the case in private Admiral T. H. Patterson, arrived here early a pretty little Christmas box, in the shape of in the presence of the parties and their counsel on the morning of the 2nd instant from Manila. a silver our presented to him as a testimonial and attorneys only. Mr. Malins (now Vice- She saluted the port, which saluted Admiral from the Funding Relief Fund Committee, in Chanceller) for the plaintiff vehemently protested Patterson, and this was answered from the Rich- acknowledgment of his very effectual assistance but without avail, and the case was after such | mond hearing decided and sustained. I mean, as long as I-sit on this Bauch; to continue to exercise the discretion vested in me by law to hear a case in comers whenever the ends of justice appear to me to require it, in entire disregard of all oblogny to which it may expose me.

TERRIFIC FIRE AT TOKIO.

It is with great regret we have to chronicle unother of those disastrous conflagrations with which the city of Tokio is annually visited. It broke out at 12 o'clock on the 26th December i the central part of the city, close to Nihon-bash It was blowing a gale at the time and within thirty minutes of the outbreak the city was on fire in seven different places; burning shingles were flying about as thick as bail, and were carried long distances by the wind settling on other houses and setting fire to them. The scene will to have been terrible. Strong men were running-almut In-u-state of bewilderment-with old men, and women and children on their backs: mothers dragging along their little ones, bent only on saying their lives. All day the fire raged with the utmost fury. The whole of the buildings Santin island of Ishikawa, at the mouth of the amida river, including the dockyard and prison Os the night of the 7th inst. an alarm It is known_that-thirty people precision in the flames, and doubtless time will reveal that many more met with the same terrible fate. Three bridges, two police stations, two

Shinto temples, many godowns, and a number of inn's anchored in the Sumida river, were also burns. The following is a list of the streets over which the fire swept and will give a faint den of the extent of the calamity which has ietatien Tokio :- Shimomaki-cho, Idaumi-cho Chankoziri cho, Mimi Saya-cho, Suzuki-cho, Inaba che Tokiwa-cho, Hon Zaimoku-cho (uj to third word), Yoshihiro-cho, Matsuya-cho (uj to third-ward). Takahire-cho. Hon Hatche-bori tup to fifth ward), Motoshima-cho, Okazaki-cho, (up to second ward), Nagasawa-cho, Saiwai-cho, Nakajima-che, Hibiya-che, Naka-che, Midzuyacho, Kamejima-cho (up to second ward), Kawagrachi cho, ldigashi Minato-cho (up to second word). Yechizen-bori (up to second ward), Hon Minato-cho, the dockyard on Ishikawa-jima, Minami Hatche-bori (up to third ward) Shin Minami-cho, Shintomi-cho (up to fourth ward) Trifune-cho (up to fourth ward). Nagashima-cho Nagasaki-cho Dori (up to fourth ward through the eastern lang), Nakabashi Hirokoji (through the eastern lane), Matsukawa-cho, Tenma-ch Jehome teastern lane), Takabashi, Kujanbashi The fire was got under at about ten p.m. From accounts of the catastrophe by Japanese

we learn that at the time the fire was raging the greatest consternation and confusion prevailed so rapidly did the flames travel that it was with difficulty the streets were cleared of people before the liquies ignifed; and in so many places was the fire raging that they knew not which way to rum. Auxious to save fulon: and wearing apparel the poor creatures sallied forth from their homes. with bundles on their shoulders to fly they knew not whither. The streets became blocked with the surging masses; women and children were. transled under foot, and many who fell in the

orded never ruse again: little children wove seen looking for their parents, parents looking for their children, while the air was rent with cries of rage, anguish and despair. Still they clungtenaciously to the few worldly possessions they had succeeded in bringing from their burning homes, thereby almost completely blocking up the narrow street; through which the masses. were stowly threading their way. At length the police interfered and caused numbers to throw their bundles into the rivers, or any where else out of the way, so as to facilitate the escape of the people from the frightful death which threatened them and which was gaining on them fast, puted to be a ri in length and ten che wide; and shipped there for Australia. The question has The area over which the fire travelled is comthe native papers of ear that sixty-oight strovets, containing 11,44 houses, were burned, rendering over 40,000 porsons homeless. The estimates of dead and wounded vary materially. With commendable promptitude the Tokic fu than the necessary stops to supply those porsons absolutely in want with food and futous. Notices people where their most argent necessities would magistrate at the Police Court for a warrant to A fire in Tokic on the night of the 21st. Dec. he supplied on application. A relief fund was also started towards which their Majesties the Emperor and Empress subscribed two thousand von each. The Governor of Tokio and his sacrefury proceeded to the spot the morning after the fire and made all arrangements possible of the Captain Superintendent of Police, who China is that the Chinase pabled have resplyed to relieve the dis ress of the people, large has the benefit of previous experience in the to send an ultimatum to Japan next agring in manber of whom have taken refuge with friends methor of hospitage. Marsing marketings from the Local control of the Local control of the large with friends methor of hospitage. Marsing marketing from the large la others arollioused in the school buildings and old matter of boarding Massageries Maritimes regard to the Locobcoan difficulty, and that it is custom house in Tsukiji, and the remainder have His Excellency the Governor after receiving pare for a conflict. been stowed away for the time being in junks the warrant, but the French Consul, when ap-lying in the river, or have cleared a corner in the unburnt godowns for temporary homes. As the warrant, but the French Consul, when ap-the unburnt godowns for temporary homes. As

The origin of the fire appears to have been accidental. Japanese are noted for their neglect in taking the most ordinary precautions against an outbreak of fire, notwithstanding their know! lodge of the fact that if a configration does take place on a windy day there is no knowing where it will stop. • In the present instance it appears that the inmates of a dwelling house in Hakayaglio went out and left a wood fire burning, and it is presumed that this was the cause of the con- of absence from Peking to go home, to Hunan, flagration. The house was all in a blaze before and pay a visit to his mother. The Lieutenantfoof ignited the burning shingles were sent flying the Viceroy's absence. about in all directions by the wind. ment of Tankifi the ros flents felt anxious and gistrates.

mearly so great, as might at first sight seem .

The real difficulty is in providing them with food

and she was liable to be dealt with as an ordinary began to pack up. But this appears to have a Business in almost every branch is very dull.

of a listed ordinance, that is covering smuggling. The residence of Bishop Williams of the White a guard boat with an officer on board which is contrary to the country of nations, and American Episcopal Mission was burnt. It was was on her way up the river to another station the property of the Bishop and was nuinsured : a short time ago, a chest containing about \$5,000. personal effects of the three ladies, unin- Below is a translation of a proclamation issued 12. But when this Court has given its deci- sured. Residence and personal effects of Miss by the Vicercy with a view to allaying the residents of Tokio have also started a fund in that ramours have lately been circulated that all

We presumed that the application to the incredibly short time. We are sorry that no Magistante had been privately made in this case, attempt has been made to improve the streets, There was the same reason for privacy as there but there can be no doubt that, ere long, another had been before the Magistrate in the application opportunity will be presented for carrying on to this Court for a manilamus to the Magistrate | the course which must ultimately, be adopted, --

HONGKONG.

There has been little stirring during the past Judges from their long experience as to when W By private telegram from Shanghai, we learn such hearings in private are proper. The Judges, that Liu Kwan Yut, Viceroy of the Two Kwang, on their serious responsibility, decide on the has been promoted to be Vicercy of the Two such applications in private. There have An Imperial decree has been issued, ordering been many sachecases in England. I well the decepitation of Li Yung-choi, and directing remember one which was much talked of. A his head to be sent to Annam for exhibition. plaintiff mised serious and scandalous questions Thus another rebellion has been stamped out

preme Court since the passing of the Ordinance Shanghai Mercury No. 5 of 1864 to the 1st of August last. The return contains no less than 181 bankruptcies, and un- was not able to cross the Woosung Bar till about der the various headings in the table will be eleven o'clock on Saturday morning! This found, some curiosities in the matter of ad- ought to be enough to provoke quick action on ministering bankruptcy laws. John Eagan, jumped out of a window with one of the inmates of the house, and William Samuels, watchman in the Surveyor-General's department, also displayed some gallantry in the same fire. It is satisfactory to learn that both these men have just received \$10 each as an acknow-

The combination among the steamship owners as come to an early ind rather abrupt termination. On the 5th instant a notice was sent ' hippers per Conference steamers to London and America" to the following effect :- "In consequence of instructions from England the Conerence rules as regards this port are cancelled on and after this date." This was signed by the feared that the last has been heard of her. agents of the various companies belonging to the Conference.

fire was given in D'Aguilar-street by the loud shouts of the Chinese, and a dense volume of smoke arose at the same time accompanied with sparks and flames, from house No. 10, Lan Kwai Fong. One of the Government Volunteer Firemen was almost immediately upon the spot and found the chimney on fire, and with some buckets of water soon got the fire under. Several Europeaus and a large crowd of Chinese collected around the house, but no further assistance was

The steamer Glenfinlas, Captain H. G. Wilcox, R.N.R., which arrived here on the 2nd instant made an unusually good passage from Singapore considering the weather and time of year, baving done it in six days sixteen hours. The Glenfinlus left Singapore on the 26th December at 6 p.m. half-an-hour after the steamer-Suez, and passed her that evening at ten o'clock. Coming up from Singapore the Glenfinbusexperienced a very strong monsoon and heavy sea, but no adverse onrren She carries about 250 tons gunpowder and 500tons shot and shell for the Chinese Government. which will be delivered at Shanghai. On the evening of the 2nd inst., shortly after

five o'clock, a fire broke out in house No 5, Second street, Seyingpoon. The scene of the fire being very close to the Civil Hospital, Mr. Senna with his brigade turned out and were the first to play water upon the flames, followed by Sergeant Honnessy with some hose laid on from a rydrant in Centre-street, and these two streams f water considerably deadened the fire. The Government men were promptly upon the spot and the Government Volunteers are to be righly commended for the strength of their muster and for the way they worked. After knocking in the roof the water was played upon the ruins and at six o'clock the firemen had inished and went home. The house in which the fire occurred is rather small and has two floors, the lower floor being divided into two rooms, and the upper storey was similarly divided.

according to Chinese fashion. At the rear of the building was the cook house, in which a woman was cooking when the fire broke out, and that during the same galo the barque Lydia it is thought that some sparks cought the dry dragged her anchor, with ninety fathoms of chain, wood which, separated the cook-house from the dwolling part of the house. The house, which is now totally destroyed was occupied by three families, but none of the inmates appear to know how the fire originated. On the 7th instant the Supreme Court held an inquiry in Chambers into the legality of search-

ing the French mail steamer Anadyr for opium brought from Shanghai for Colombo to be traucropped up before in this Colony whether or not he French mail steamers had the status of menof war and were or were not liable to be searched time arise whilst at anchor in this harbour. It appears that the Opium Farmer, having information that these boats carried opium through the waters of this Colony, applied to the sitting search, but without success. The machin ry of destroyed sixty houses.

of the matter home. CHINA.

CANTON.

pared opium from Shanghai pending reference

(FROM OUB OWN CORRESPONDENT.) The Vicercy has obtained two months' leave

The seals of the higher authorities of this Clataud's hotel ignited seven different times, but | murdered during the night, the object, it is pre-Whatever character she sustained, the each time the flames were successfully sup. sumed being plunder. No clue has been found y which to trace the oriminals. While a guard boat with an officer on board

" Proclamation by Lin, Governor-General of

"Whereas Canton has long been opened to trade, Mr. Soper and the ladies connected with the and the foreigners of various nations who have 13.—Unless the Convention shall be put an same mission, as they have lost everything. A come to Canton to carry on trade or preach their passed co-extensive with the treaty, I do not see scriptions will be received by the Rev. S. G. the treaty, therefore peace has hitherto been

In conclusion I think it proper to explain why aid of the distressed Japanese, which will be dis- the shops and dwellings from the Roman Catholic this application was hear! with closed doors; it tributed by Bishop Williams, Rev. Mr. Piper Cathedral as far as the river are going to be destroyed, so as to make a canal; also that in Swahas the right it is its duty thus to hear any ap. It is now accurately known that 263 lives have tow the murder of a Consul has taken place, and plication on the rare possion when publicity been lost. Namerous bodies are so burned that likewise that in the district of Shin-an (Sunon) would tond to frustwite the very object of the it is impossible to distinguish the sex to which a missionary has been killed. In none of these hearing. Every application for a search war- they belong. The number of houses destroyed statements is there the slightest real foundation. -rand requires secresy, lest if publicly heard the is apparently not positively ascertained. Every Undoubtedly such rumonis are spread by those thief or smargler might know of it and put native paper gives different figures. House build who are desirous to give rise to troubles, and such away the things sought to be searched for ing in the old filmsy style is going on rapidly, conduct should at once be stringently prohibited, before the warrant could be put in force and all trace of the fire will be effected in an in order that the people may not be imposed on, "I have instructed both the civil and military officers to make stringent and secret search for those who spread such rumours, and now I issue this proclamation for the information of the scholars, merchants, soldiers, and people. Let all of you know that poaco is preserved be-

tween China and fereign nations, and that in Canton as well as in other districts tranquillity prevails among both Chinese and foreigners. Lot none of you excite the people by spread. ing rumours in order to make troubles. If any fail to attend to this injunction, when they are brought before the tribunal the full penalties of the law shall be inflicted upon them, and no leniency shall be shown. "Let none disregard this proclamation. "Kwang Su 5th year, 11th moon, 8th day (20th December, 1879.'

in collecting subscriptions from the Chinese, in The Government Gazette of the 7th inst. con- aid of their distressed fellow-countrymen. It tains a table of all bankruptcies filed in the Su- has a Chinese inscription engraved on it. We are informed that the outward mail stoamer

the part of somebody to effect the improvement It may be remembered that at the fire in East. or total removal of this more than tantalising street's short time ago a seaman, whose name is obstruction. It has been borne long enough. It will be recollected that some wreckage bearing the name of the Joyce Phillips, wafound at one of the islands forming the Saddle Group on the 7th Dec., and it was thought pro-I hable that the vessel in question had met with disaster in the neighbourhood of the Lightship ledgment of the bravery shown on the occasion during the gale on the 6th. The American barque Amethyst, which arrived here on the 24th, reports that she sighted the barque Joyce Phillips on Friday the 5th, at 2 p.m., about five miles from Shaweishan, standing S.E. on a wind. The

> was before one of the heaviest gales he every experienced. The Joyce Phillips was bound from Nagasaki to Shanghai at the time, and it is to be A fire broke out shortly after noon on the 29th Dec, in a block of Chinese houses near the impeion of the Foodhow and Hupeh Roads, a little to the left of the former thoroughfare, and on Polson, Master, will load here for the above Port, Aden'ts to the above Company at this Port, are the further side of the Hupch Road. The rather and will have quick despatch. high wind that was blowing at the time, and the combustible nature of the houses, caused the flames to spread rapidly, and at one time it looked very much as if a very considerable destruction property would result from the fire, the FETHE Al American Ship neighbourhood being a thickly populated one.

til the engines were brought to the spot with the usual alacrity, and thanks to the efforts of the firemen, especially of those attached to t e Victoria and the French Engine, and the Mile ho-loongs, the flaines were subdued after about twenty or thirty houses had been burnt down or dainaged. The habitations that have been destroyed, however, are particularly wrotched one-stored affairs, and were it not for the misery | THE Al American Bark a configration entails upon the people whose houses are burnt, it could almost be hoped that a good fire would ran through this quarter, and that the owners of the property could be induced to replace the huts thus destroyed with more respectable habitations, as has been the case, to some extent, on the French Concession. The fire was extinguished; and most of the engines returned to their stations about an hour after the fire originated. - Shanghar Courie .

JAPAN. NAGASAKI

We have been kindly favoured with the following statistics of the loss of property by the reent fire at Hakodate:—Fire-proof godowns, 300; Wooden godowns, 500; Dwelling-houses, 2,289; From the same source we also learn that only four European houses remain.

Nothing more is defluitely known regarding the fate of the barque Joyce Phillips, but i seems to be the general opinion amongst the sesfaring fraternity that she was lost in the vicinity of the Saddles as there is evidence of chafing upon the wreckage picked up. We hear

· Fires again seem to be the order of the dayor rather night-in Japan. About three o'clock a.m. on the 29th December, an alarm was raised that one of the Tankosha coal-sheds, situated in the Foreign Settlement, was on fire. Thunks to the timely exertions of a few foreign residents. however, Messrs. Holme, Ringer & Co.'s fire- File Al Bridish Burk engine was speedily brought to bear upon the fiames, which were extinguished before serious damage was sustained. Grews from the men-of. Barker, Master, will load here for the above war in harbour, with their usual alaurity aupeared on the scene in full force, and had the | For Freight, apply to under certain contingencies which might at any flames proved more obstinate would doubtle s Rising Sun.

the Supreme Court was then put in motion, and The much talked of alliance of China with what transpired there we know not, beyond Russia has raised serious apprehensions in the this, that the decision arrived at enabled minds of several of the editors of Japanese newsthe Opium Farmer to obtain the nocessary war. papers. The Fuso Shinehi has heard that the steamers. The Chief of the Police interviewed absolutely necessary the government should pro-

a large number of Japanese can live in a very tion in searching the vessel, which sailed the the erection of a light at Cape Yachi-ishi, near small space the difficulty of finding shelter for same night without any search being made, and Tsuruga. thirty thousand or forty thousand persons is not it is said she ran \$40,000 worth of opium through In future, Japanese debtors who are unable or the watere of this Colony. We are informed that unwilling to liquidate their liabilities, are to be the Messageries Maritimes Company have very sentenced to terms of imprisonment varying accourtequely agreed not to carry any more pre- cording to the amount of the debt. We learn from the Mainichi Shimbun that an Envoy Extraordinary will, in a few days be appointed from amongst the Sangi or Chokumin, and he despatched to China early next year, on a

It is reported that the condition of Locobco is peaceable and the people are apparently contented. A central police station is to be established shortly, and the principal officers and most of the constables will be sent from Tokio. About five millions of the new one yen deno. Crosby, Master, will load here for the above it was noticed by the neighbours, and when the Governor will fill the acting appointment during mination of kinsatsu are ready for issue, and will Port, and will be despatched on or about 20th be exchanged for the paper money now in oir. December. Ten criminals were beheaded on the execution culation, as soon as the five and ten yeu deno. - For Freight, apply to Long before the fire reached the foreign Settle. ground the other day in the presence of two ma- minations are completed. It is stated that two yen kinested will be abolished.

VESSELS ON THE BERTH FOR SINGAPORE PENANG, AND CALCUTTA. FE ME Steamship

status by going to Shanghai, the onns lay on the in the kouse as no coolies were to be found those of their subardinates on the following day. Eaton, Commander, will leave for the above Ports on SATURDAY the 17th instant. at For Freight or Passage, apply to DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co., Hongkong, 12th January, 1880. FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, AND CALCUTTA.

There has been considerable excitement in the P. Rhode. Commander, will be despatched for according to its conclusion would be war, to stay sidence (and schoolhouse) of Miss Whiting, city of Canton consequent on a rumour to the above Ports on SATURDAY NEXT, the For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. Hongkong, 10th January, 1880. OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY. FOR SHANGHAL VIA AMOY,

> Caking Cargo and Passengers at through rates for HANKOW and PORTS on the YANGTSZE. FIHE Company's Steamship "GLAUCUS." Captain T. Jackson, will be despatched on or about the 17th instant. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Hongkong, 8th January, 1880.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL. FILE Company's Steamship "TEUCER," Captain R. T. Power, will be despatched on or about the 17th instant For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE. Agents. Hongkong, 7th January, 1880. FOR SHANGHAL HE Steamship

"CLAVERHOUSE." Brown, Master, expected here on or about the 7th instant from Singapore will have immediate despatch for the above Port. For Freight or Passage, apply to: ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co. Hongkong, 3rd January, 1880. FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

HIE Steamship 'GLENIFFER." or about the Slat instant For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDI E, MATHESON & Co. Hongkorg, 12th January, 1880. FOR YOKOHAMA AND HIOGO.

FRHE Steamship "GLENGYLE?" Captain Quartly, shortly expected from Singapore, will have quick despatch as above. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE: MATHESON & Co., Hongkong, 8th January, 1880. CASTLE LINE OF STEAMERS. FOR NEW YORK, YIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship GORDON CASTLE." Waring, Commander, will call here shortly, and will have immediate despatch for the above Port. For Freight or Passage, apply to. ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Aceuts. Hougkong, 30th December, 1879. FOR HAMBURG... THE Al German Bark

Binge, Master, will lead here and at Whampon captain also reports that his last run to Nagasaki for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co.: Hongkong, 1st. December, 1879.

> 77 HE Al British Bark. "CLARO BARUYAN," For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, 3rd November, 1879. FOR NEW YORK,

FOIL LONDON.

 ${f ``R. `ROBINSON.'}$ Smith, Master, will load here for the above Port and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, 2nd January, 1880. FOR NEW YORK

'ABICE REED." illeran. Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to Hongkong, 2nd January, 1880. FOR HAMBURGS THE Al German Schooner

HARMONIE, Schiphorst, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to Hougleong, 2nd January, 1880. FOR NEW-YORK

THE Al American Schooner "MOSES B. TOWER:" Hall, Master, will load here for the above Port. and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, 27th December, 1879.

FOR-LONDON. THE Al British Ship "JOHN NICHOLSON," Campbell, Master, will load here for the abou ort, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co.

Hongkong, 24th December, 1879. FOR LONDON. Port, and will have quick despatch,

FOR LONDON. THE Al British Back * "ELIZABETH CHILDS," indberg, Master, will lead here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, 5th December, 1879.

"CHINAMAN," Muckenzie, Master, will load hore and at Whampoa for the above Port, and will be quick des-For Freight, apply to VOGEL-& Co. Hongkong, 1st December, 1879. FOR LONDON. THE Al British Ship

"PRINCE FREDERICK,"

FOR LONDON:

THE Al British Bark

llague, Master, will load here for the above ort, and will have quick despatch, For Freight, apply to Hongkoog, 1st December, 1879. FOR NEW YORK, HE Al American Ship "CITY OF BOSTON"

Hongkong, 8rd November, 1879;

VESSELS ON THE BERTH POR SINGAPORE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE (Calling off the usual COAST PORTS and taking through Cargo and Passengers for NEW ZEALANDI. MILE Eastern and Australian Mail Steam L. Company's Steamer.

will be despatched as above on SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at Noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to GIBB. LIVINGSTON & Co. Hongkong, 5th Jaruary, 1880. FOR SAN FRANCISCO. THE Al British Ship

'MIDDLESEX." Walsh, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to Hongkong, 9th January, 1880. FOR NEW YORK.

HE Al German Bark "FREDERICK PERTHES, Walter, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to RUSSELL-& Co. Hongkong, 1st January, 1880.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO. THE Al American Ship SOUTHERN CROSS." [115 | Gibb, Master, will load here for the above Port, | America, and Europe. and will have quick desputch. . For Freight, apply to Hongkong, 1st January, 1880.

FOR NEW YORK. THE A! British Back "GARTMORN" Ellwood, Master, will load here and at Whampon for the above Port, and will have quick de-For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, 2nd December, 1879.

NYOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS. Noither the CAPTAINS, the AGENTS, nor the OWNERS, will be RESPONSIBLE for any DEBT contracted by the Officers or the Crews

of the following Vessels during their stay in Hongkong Harbour:-CHAMRON KAMRYE, Siameso bark, Stolze.-Yuen Fat Hony. Captain Graham, will be despatched as above on CHEANG HOCK KIAN, British steamer, Webb -Man Hing. CITY OF BOSTON, American ship, J. K. Crosby. -Vorel & Co. CLARO BABUYAN, Brit. bark, Polson,-Chinese,

-Duke of Abercorn: British bark, J. Burnle. -Borneo Co. ELIZABETH CHILDS, British back, C. E. Lind. bergh - Wieler & Co. EMPIRE, American, ship., E. Leckie.—Arahold. Karberg & Co. FANTAISIE, British bark, Cooper.—Arnhold Karberg & Co. F. Perthes, G.r. bark, Walter.—Siemsseu & Co. HARMONIE, German schooner, H. Schiphorst -Eduard Schellhass & Co. HAYDN BROWN, American back, Havener,- transit through Marseilles for the principal Melchers & Co

HERMINE, Norwegian bark, F. Cormgran.-Ed. Schellhass & Co. HERMINS. German bark, F. Meyer,-Eduard Specie and Parcols until 2 P.M. on the 21st ANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE Schollhass & Co. HIGHLANDER, American ship, Hutchinson,-Voyel & Co. HWAI-YUEN, Chinese steamer, O. Wilson. C. required MORNING STAR, Sinmese bark, D. Michaelsen. hold. Karberg & Co.

PALADIN, British steamer, Geo. Parker. - Arn-PAPA, German bark, Bannau.—Carlowitz & Co. RODERICK HAY, British bark, Nicolson. Turner & Co. SEA GULL, American steamer, Havden .- China Traders' Insurance Company. Sophie, German bark, Binge. - Wieler & Co. 154 Sumarna, Am. ship, Clough, Russell & Co.

TANDARD FIRE OFFICE, LONDON The Undersigned having been appointed prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE to the extent of \$10,000 on Buildings or on Joods stored therein. Discount 20 %

Hengkong, 1st March, 1878. SUN FIRE OFFICE. THE Undersigned are prepared to Grant Policies against Fire to the extent of 350,000 on First class Risks. A Discount of Twenty per cent. (20 %) upon [82] the Current Local Rates of Premia will be al. lowed upon Insurances effected with this Office.

LINSTEAD & Co., Agents Sun Fire Office. Hongkong, 1st June, 1878. THE DUSSEL DORF UNIVERSAL L MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

The Undersigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World. SIEMSSEN & Co. Hongkong, 14th August, 1878.

HE Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS to the NEW YORK BOARD of UNDERWRITERS. ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co. Hongkong, 4th September 1879. DECORD of AMERICAN and FOREIGN

SHIPPING. ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co. Hongkong, 4th September, 1879. [1y1458] CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED).

-NOTICE. NOOLICIES granted at current rates on Ma rine Risks to all parts of the World. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association. Two-thirds of the Profits are distributed annually to Contributors, whother Shareholders or not, in proportion to the net amount of Promis contributed by each, the remaining third being carried to Reserve Fund. -J. Bradler Smith Secretary.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY. INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARGER AND SPECIAL ACTS OF PARLIAMENT. Езтавывней 1809. CAPITAL-62,000,000.

Hongkong, 10th December, 1878.

FITHE Undersigned, Agents at Hongkong for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE, to the extent of £10,000 on any Building, or on Merchandise in the same, at the usual rates, subject to a discount of Twenty per cent. (20%). GILMAN & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 7th July, 1874. THE LONDON ASSURANCE INCOMPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER OF HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE THE FIRST. A.D. 1720... THE Undersigned having been appointed

A Agents for the above Corneration, are prepared to grant Insurances as follows :--MARINE DEPARTMENT Policies at current rates, payable either here, [53 in London, or at the principal Ports of India, China, and Australia FIRE DEPARTMENT. Policies issued for long or short periods at ourrent rates. A discount of 20%, allowed. LIFE DEPARTMENT. Policies issued for sums not exceeding £5,000

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

et reduced rates.

Hongkong, 26th July, 1872

VESSELS ON THE BERTH. STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, POINT DE GALLE, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, BRINDISI ANCONA VENICE MEDI-TERRANEAN PORTS.

SOUTHAMPTON, AND LONDON BOMBAY, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA THE PENINSULAR AND OBJECTAL STEAM I NAVIGATION COMPANT'S Steamship "KATSAR:I:IIIND," Captain METHVEN, will Namoa, on Saturday, the 17th instant. at 5 P.M. [95 leave this on WEDNESDAY, the 14th instant, For further Particulars, apply to

A. McIVER, Superintendent. Hongkong, 7th January, 1880. OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAM SHIP COMPANY.

SENGERS FOR THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE, IN CONNECTION WITH THE CENTRAL AND UNION PACIFIC AND CONNECTING RAILROAD

COMPANIES

TAKING THROUGH CARGO AND PAS

AND ATLANTIC STEAMERS 169 FINE Steemship "GAELIC" will be des patched for San Francisco, vid Yokohama. 3 P.M., taking Cargo and Passengers for Japan, the United States, Mexico, Central and South Connection is made at Yokohama with Stea-

mers from Shanghai. Freight will be received on board until 4 P.M. in the 16th January. PARGEL PACKAGES will be received at the Office until 5 P.M. same day. All Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full: value of same is required. --A REDUCTION is made on RETURN PASSAGE TICKETS

should be sent to the Company's Offices, ad- office hour... dressed to the Collector of Customs, San Fran | 8 P.at.; Post Office opens. For further information as to Freight or all printed matter and putterns ceases. Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company, 10 P.M. Simils closed, except for Late Letters. No. 37, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 12th January, 1880. NOTICE. COMPAGNIE DES_MESSAGERIES MARITIMES PAQUEBOTS POSTE FRANCAIS.

STEAM FOR LAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA, POIN' DE GALLE COLOMBO ADEN, SUEZ ISMALIA PORT SAID, NAPLES, AND MARSEILLES;

BOMBAY, MAHE, ST. DENIS, AND N WEDNESDAY, the 21st January 1880, at 11 P.M., the Company's Steamship "PEIHO," Commandant PASQUALINI, with MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPECIE, and CAR. GO, will leave this Port for the above places. Cargo and Specia will be registered for London as well as for Marseilles, and accepted in

nlaces of Europe. Shipping Orders will be granted until 10 A.M. and Cargo will be received on board until Noon January, 1880. (Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left at the Agency's Office.) Contents and value of Packages are For further particulars, apply at the Com-

G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Hongkong, 9th January. 1880. MITSU BISHI MAIL STEAMSHIP CO

STEAM TO YOKOHAMA, VIA KOBÉ. THE "SUMIDA MARU" HUBENET: due here on or about 19th inst. will be despatched as above on SATURDAY, thenckour, this Detober, 1868. the 24th instant, at Daylight. Cargo received on board and Parcels at the Office up to 6 P.M. of 23rd. No Bill of Lading signed under \$2 Freight.

All Claims for Damage must be settled on board before delivery is taken, otherwise they will not be recognized. RATES OF PASSAGE. To Kobe Cabin \$60. Steerage \$15 [25 To YOKOHAMA and] Cabin \$75. Steerage \$20 A REDUCTION is made on RETURN issue of the Policy. Cargo and Passengers for Nagasaki will be transhipped to the Shanghai Mail Steamer at

For further Enriculars, apply at the Company's Offices, No. 6. Queen's Road Central. Hongkong, 12th January, 1880. U. S. MATL LINE. PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY

THROUGH TO NEW YORK, YIL OVER LAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT YOKOHAMA AND SAN FRANCISCO. FINHE U.S. Mail Steamer "CITY OF TO-KIO" will be despatched for San Fran. RISKS. cisco, vin Yokohama, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th February, 1880, at 1 r.M., taking Passengers and Freight for Japan, the United an extent of \$20,000. States, and Europe. Phrough Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yekohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Infand Cities of the United States, via Overland Railways, to Havana, Prinidad, and Domerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America, by the Company's and connecting Steamers.

of Steamers. ? A REDUCTION is made on Return Pasnage Tickets. Freight will be received on board until 4 P.M. LEE SING, of the Lai Hing Firm. on the 3rd February. Parcel Packages will be WONG YIK Pun of the Chun Cheong Wing received at the Office until 5 P.M. same day: all Parcel Packages should be marked to ad. Loo YEE, of the Yee On Firm, dress in full; value of same is required. Consular Invoices to accompany Overland Cargo should be sent to the Company's Offices of Castoms at San Francisco.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England,

France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 9, Praya Central. RUSSELL & Co., Hongkong, 14th January, 1880. HE Undersigned have been appointed Sole

Agents for the Sale of their Goods in Hongkong and China by Messrs, J. & R. TEN. NENT, Glasgow, and Mossrs, DAVID CORSAR & Sons, Arbroath. ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co. Hongkong, January, 1807 AND R TENNENT'S ALE and DAVID CORSAR & SONS Merchant Navy Navy Boiled CANYAS Long Plax

NOTICE. DRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION DAILY PRESS" OFFICE.

Crown.

Hongkong, 11th May, 1667.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

Particular attention is given at this Establishmout to Commencial and General Jos PRINTING, every description of which is executed AN THE BEST STYLE

and at

SUCH PRICES as will bear FAVOURABLE COMPARISON ANY IN THE EAST "DAILY PRESS" OFFICE.

HONGROWG.

POST OFFICE NOTICES. A MACE WILL CLOSE For Swatow and Amoy. To-day, the 14th

For Saigon, -On Friday, the 16th instant, at For Amoy, Tamsui, and Taiwan .- Per Hat loong, on Saturday, the 17th inst., at 11.30 A.M. For Straits Settlements and Calcutta.-Per Venice and Sues, on Saturday, the 17th instant. at 2.30 P.M. For Swatow, Amoy, and Foodhow, Por

For Japan, via Kobo .- Per Sumida-Maru,

on Friday, the 23rd instant, at 5 P.M. MAILS BY THE BRITISH PACKET. The British Contract Packet "KAISAR-I-HIND" will be despatched on WEDNESDAY. the 14th instant, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe, vid Brindisi or Southampton; to the Straits Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon, Ladia, Aden; Egypt, Malta,

and Gibraltar. N.B.—This Packet carries no mails for the Instralian Colonies. E. or S. Africa, nor for

-MAILS BY THE FRENCH PACKET. The French Contract Packet "PEIHO" will be despatched on WEDNESDAY, the 21st instant, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe, via Naples : to Saigon. Straits Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon, on SATURDAY, the 17th January, 1800, at India (via Madras), Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, Fiji, Aden, Soychelles, Reunion, Munritius, Sucz. and Alexandria. This is the best opportunity for forwarding Correspondence to East Africa, the Cape, St. Helena, and As-

> IOURS FOR CLOSING THE CONTRAC The following hours are observed in closing Mails. &c., by both the British and French Con

tract Packets :--DAY OF DEPARTURE. 5 P.M., Money Order Office closes. Consular Invoices to accompany Overland, 5.30 P.M., Post Office closes till 8 P.M., except Mexican, Central, and South American Cargo the night box, which is always open out of-9 P.M., Ragistry of Letters censes. Posting of

10.10 P.M. Letters may be posted with Late Fee of 18 cents until 10.30 P.M., when the Post Office closes entirely. 10.40 P.M. Late Letters may be posted on board the Packet with Late Fee of 18 cents until

time of departure. QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. THE Undersigned are prepared to GRANI POLICIES AGAINST FIRE to the extent of 45,000 Dollars on Buildings or on Goods stored therein, at Current Local, Rates, subject to a Discount of 20 % on the premia.

Hongkong, January, 1876. ERMAN LICYD MARINE INSUR-ANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, OF BERLIN.

The Undersigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World. SIEMSSEN & Co.,

NORTON & Co...

Hongkong, 6th February, 1879. IVE: COMPANY OF MANCHESTER

-AND LONDON. ESTABLISHED 1824. CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY, £1,000,000 Storling. OF WHICH IS PAID-UP ... £100,000 Sterling. RESERVE FUND UPWARDS | £120,000 Sterling.

ANNUAL INCOME The Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company at Honorong, Canton, FOOCHOW SHANGHAL and HANKOW and are ___ prepared to grant Insurances at Current Rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co. IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COM-IN HE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies

against Fire to the extent of \$60,000 on any

FIRT CLASS RISKS at Current Rates. A RETURN OF TWENTY PER CENT. (201) will be made on the premium charged on all Insurances, such RETURN being payable on the GIÉB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,

Imperial Fire Insurance Company Hongkong, 1st March, 1874. BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Insurances as follows :---MARINE RISKS. Policies at Current Rutes, payable either here, in London, or at the principal ports of India,

Instralia, and the East.

A BROKERAGE of THIRTY-THREE and ONE-THIRD PER CENT. will be allowed on all LOCAL FIRE RISKS. Policies granted on First class Buildings to A DISCOUNT of TWENTY PER CENT. (20%). mon the Current Local Rates will be allowed on all premium charged for insurance; such dis-

count being deducted at the time of the issue of Policy. ...Co., مؤريا RUSSELI Romakong, 1st January, 1874. FETHE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED).

CAPITAL TABLE 600,000; EQUAL TO \$833,333,33

FONG SORY FUNG, of the Tung Sang Wo Houg. WONG PAK CHEONG, of the San Tye Lee Hong. KWOK ACHEONS, of the Fat Hing Firm. in Scaled Envelopes, addressed to the Collector Lo YEOR MOON, of the Kwong Mun Cheeng

MANAGER-HO AMEL. MARINE RISKS on Goods, &c., taken at CURRENT RATES to Australia, California, Manila, Singapore, Saigen, Penang, and to all the Treaty Ports of China and Japan. Head Office, 8 and 9, Praya West. Hongkong, 14th October, 1878 ANGTSZEINSURANCE ASSOCIATION CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up)......Tis. 420,000 PERMANENT RESERVE Tls. 230,000 SPECIAL RESERVE FUND ... Tis. 206,370 TOTAL CAPITAL and ACCUMULATION, 25th April, 1879

DIRECTORS. F. B. FORBES, Esq., Chairman. M. W. BOYD, Esq. | Wat MEYERINE, Esq. C. Lucas, Esq. S. D. Webe, Esq. HEAD OFFICE-SHANGHAL, Messrs. RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.

LONDON BRANCH. Messre. BARING BROTHERS & Co., Bankers. FULLARTON HENDERSON, Esq., Agent. 3, St. Michael's Alley, Cornhill, E.C.

POLICIES granted on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World. Subject to a charge of 12 % for Interest on Shareholders' Capital, all the PROPITS of the UNDERWRITING DUSINESS will be annually distributed among all Contributors of Business in proportion to the premium paid by them. RUSSELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 74th May, 1879. Printed and Published by R. CHATTERTON WILCOX Wyniham Street, Hongaong.